

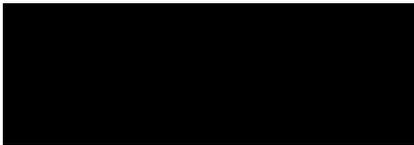
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U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Citizenship and Immigration Services

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ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE
CIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F
425 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20536



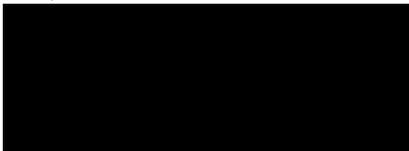
DEC 23 2003

File: [REDACTED] Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date:

IN RE: Petitioner: [REDACTED]
Beneficiary: [REDACTED]

PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Multinational Executive or Manager Pursuant to Section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(1)(C)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



PUBLIC COPY

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The employment-based visa petition was denied by the Director, California Service Center. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The petitioner is a corporation organized in 2000 in the State of California. It claims to be engaged in establishing contacts and promoting business with United States based manufacturers and companies to enhance exports to its parent company. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as its chief executive officer. Accordingly, it endeavors to classify the beneficiary as an employment-based immigrant pursuant to section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(1)(C), as a multinational executive or manager.

The director determined that the petitioner had not established a qualifying relationship with the beneficiary's foreign employer. The director also determined that the petitioner had not established that the beneficiary had been employed in a managerial or executive capacity for the foreign entity. The director further determined that the petitioner had not established that the beneficiary would be employed in a managerial or executive capacity for the petitioner. Finally, the director determined that the petitioner had not established its ability to pay the proffered wage.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) states, in pertinent part:

An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal.

The petitioner submitted a Notice of Appeal, Form I-290B that was received by CIS on July 5, 2002. The petitioner indicated that it would send a brief and/or evidence to the AAO within 30 days. To date, more than one year later, the AAO has not received a brief or other evidence in support of the petitioner's appeal. The I-290B states:

Petitioner has submitted and will submit further documentation within 30 days of this appeal verifying that: (1) A qualifying relationship exists between the foreign entity and [the petitioner]; (2) The beneficiary was in fact employed by the foreign entity in an executive/manager position for many years prior to this petition; (3) The duties of the beneficiary are executive despite the fact that the U.S. subsidiary is small; (4) The company has the ability to pay the offered wage.