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U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
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Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

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FILE:

Office: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER

Date:

FEB 18 2005

IN RE:

Petitioner:

Beneficiary:

PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Multinational Executive or Manager Pursuant to Section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(1)(C)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

  
Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Director, Texas Service Center, denied the petition for an employment-based visa. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The petitioner states that it is a dental lab and supplies company. It seeks to employ the beneficiary in the United States as its president and managing director, pursuant to section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(1)(C).

The director denied the petition concluding that the petitioner had not established that the beneficiary would be employed under the immigrant petition in a primarily managerial or executive capacity, or that the petitioning organization has the ability to pay the beneficiary the proffered weekly wage of approximately \$692.00.

On the Form I-290B appeal, counsel states:

Examiner indicated that [the] decision was made on a contradiction and lack of documentation to support the petition. The petitioner will provide the missing documentation so that the issues raised would be fully addressed. Since the issues were raised only in the denial, the petitioner has not previously had a change [sic] to rebuttal or explanation.

Counsel further states that a brief or evidence would be submitted to the AAO within 30 days. The appeal was filed on March 1, 2004. As of this date, the AAO has received nothing further and the record will be considered complete.

To establish eligibility under section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Act, the petitioner must meet certain criteria. Specifically, within three years preceding the beneficiary's application for admission into the United States, a firm, corporation, or other legal entity, or an affiliate or subsidiary thereof, must have employed the beneficiary for one continuous year. Furthermore, the beneficiary must seek to continue rendering his or her services to the same United States employer or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof in a managerial or executive capacity.

A United States employer may file a petition on Form I-140 for classification of an alien under section 203(b)(1)(C) of the Act as a multinational executive or manager. No labor certification is required for his classification. The prospective employer in the United States must furnish a job offer in the form of a statement which indicates that the alien is to be employed in the United States in a managerial or executive capacity. Such a statement must clearly describe the duties to be performed by the alien.

Upon review, the AAO concurs with the director's decision and affirms the denial of the petition.

Regulations at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) state, in pertinent part:

An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal.

Inasmuch as counsel has failed to identify specifically an erroneous conclusion of law or a statement of fact in this proceeding, the appeal must be summarily dismissed.

Furthermore, the appeal may be rejected as untimely filed.

In order to properly file an appeal, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(i) provides that the affected party must file the complete appeal within 30 days after service of the unfavorable decision. If the decision was mailed, the appeal must be filed within 33 days. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(b).

The record indicates that the director issued the decision on January 23, 2004. It is noted that the director properly gave notice to the petitioner that it had 33 days to file the appeal. Although counsel dated the appeal February 25, 2004, it was received by Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) on March 1, 2004, or 38 days after the decision was issued. Accordingly, the appeal was untimely filed.

In visa petition proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has not met this burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is summarily dismissed.