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U.S. Department of Justice  
Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS  
425 Eye Street N.W.  
ULLB, 3rd Floor  
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: [Redacted] Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER Date: **AUG 04 2002**

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]  
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

Petition: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional Pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(3)

**Public Copy**

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,  
EXAMINATIONS

*Robert P. Wiemann*  
Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The employment-based preference visa petition was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a hospital. It seeks to employ the beneficiary permanently in the United States as a registered nurse. The petitioner asserts that the beneficiary qualifies for blanket labor certification pursuant to 20 C.F.R. 656.10, Schedule A, Group I. The director determined that the notice of filing the Application for Alien Certification was not provided to the bargaining representative or the employer's employees as prescribed in 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g)(3).

On appeal, counsel submits a brief.

Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(3), provides for the granting of preference classification to qualified immigrants who are capable, at the time of petitioning for classification under this paragraph, of performing skilled labor, not of a temporary or seasonal nature, for which qualified workers are not available in the United States. This section also provides for the granting of preference classification to qualified immigrants who hold baccalaureate degrees and are members of the professions.

In this case, the petitioner has filed an Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker (Form I-140) for classification under section 203(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act as a registered nurse. Aliens who will be employed as professional nurses are listed on Schedule A. Schedule A is the list of occupations set forth at 20 C.F.R. 656.10 with respect to which the Director of the United States Employment Service has determined that there are not sufficient United States workers who are able, willing, qualified and available, and that the employment of aliens in such occupations will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of United States workers similarly employed.

20 C.F.R. 656.22 provides in pertinent part that an employer shall apply for a labor certification for a Schedule A occupation by filing an Application for Alien Employment Certification (Form ETA 750 at Part A) in duplicate with the appropriate Immigration and Naturalization Service office. The Application for Alien Employment Certification shall include:

1. Evidence of prearranged employment for the alien beneficiary by having an employer complete and sign the job offer description portion of the application form.
2. Evidence that notice of filing the Application for Alien Employment Certification was provided to the

bargaining representative or the employer's employees as prescribed in 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g)(3).

In this case, Form I-140 was filed on March 20, 2001 and did not include the evidence described in sub-paragraph 2 above. On May 7, 2001, the director requested that the petitioner submit a copy of the letter from the employer to the bargaining representative or a copy of the job offer notice that was posted at the facility or employment location. In response, the petitioner stated that it had posted the notice for 10 days.

The director denied the application based on the petitioner's failure to provide acceptable evidence that the position had been posted in accordance with 20 C.F.R. 656.20(g)(3).

On appeal, counsel argues that "it is apparent that the filing of the labor certification application comes first and the posting of the notice comes second."

8 C.F.R. 103.2(b)(12) states, in pertinent part:

An application or petition shall be denied where evidence submitted in response to a request for initial evidence does not establish filing eligibility at the time the application or petition was filed.

(Emphasis supplied). The regulations require that the notice be posted for at least ten consecutive days and evidence of such posting be submitted with the Application for Alien Employment Certification. As the petitioner has not submitted evidence that the job offer notice was posted subsequent to the filing of the Application for Alien Employment Certification and Form I-140, the petitioner has not complied with the instructions stipulated in the regulations. Consequently, the petition may not be approved.

This denial is without prejudice to the filing of a new petition accompanied by the appropriate documentary evidence and fee.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.