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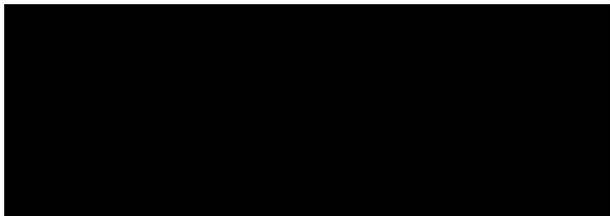
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass. Ave., N.W., Rm. 3000
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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FILE: [Redacted]
EAC 04 027 52449

Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

Date: JUL 07 2008

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]

PETITION: Petition for Immigrant Abused Spouse Pursuant to Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:
[Redacted]

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.


Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Director, Vermont Service Center, denied the immigrant visa petition. On appeal, the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) remanded the matter for further action. The matter is now before the AAO upon certification of the director's subsequent, adverse decision. The decision of the director will be affirmed and the petition will be denied.

The petitioner seeks immigrant classification pursuant to section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act ("the Act"), 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii), as an alien battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a United States citizen.

Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Act provides that an alien who is the spouse of a United States citizen may self-petition for immigrant classification if the alien demonstrates that he or she entered into the marriage with the United States citizen spouse in good faith and that during the marriage, the alien or a child of the alien was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's spouse. In addition, the alien must show that he or she is eligible to be classified as an immediate relative under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Act, resided with the abusive spouse, and is a person of good moral character. Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii)(II) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii)(II).

Section 204(a)(1)(J) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(J) states, in pertinent part:

In acting on petitions filed under clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (A) or clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (B), or in making determinations under subparagraphs (C) and (D), the [Secretary of Homeland Security] shall consider any credible evidence relevant to the petition. The determination of what evidence is credible and the weight to be given that evidence shall be within the sole discretion of the [Secretary of Homeland Security].

As the facts and procedural history have been adequately documented in the previous decision of the AAO, we will only repeat certain facts as necessary here. In this case, the director initially denied the petition on June 16, 2005, finding that the petitioner failed to establish that he was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by his spouse during their marriage. In our March 10, 2006 decision on appeal, we concurred with the director's determination. However, we remanded the petition for issuance of a Notice of Intent to Deny (NOID), as required by the regulation then in effect at 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(3)(ii)(2006).¹ Upon remand, the director issued a NOID on June 26, 2006, which informed the petitioner, through his former counsel of record, [REDACTED], of the deficiencies in the record and afforded him the opportunity to submit further evidence to establish the requisite abuse. The petitioner failed to respond to the director's NOID. Accordingly, the director denied the petition on March 9, 2007, based on the ground cited in the NOID. The director certified his decision to the AAO for review and notified the petitioner, through Mr. Quintero, that he could submit a brief to the AAO within 30 days of service of the director's decision.

¹ On April 17, 2007, Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) promulgated a rule related to the issuance of requests for evidence and NOIDs. 72 Fed. Reg. 19100-19107. The rule became effective on June 18, 2007, *after* the filing and adjudication of this petition.

Subsequent to the issuance of the certified decision, current counsel's firm submitted two letters and Forms G-28, Notice of Entry of Appearance as Attorney or Representative, which indicated its representation of the petitioner. However, no further brief or evidence was submitted. Accordingly, the record is considered to be complete as it now stands.

Upon review, we concur with the director's determination. The relevant evidence submitted below was discussed in the previous decision of the AAO, which is incorporated here by reference. The petitioner submitted no further brief or evidence since the issuance of that decision. Accordingly, the petitioner has failed to establish that he was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by his spouse during their marriage. Consequently, the petitioner is ineligible for immigrant classification under section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Act and his petition must be denied.

In visa petition proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. Here, that burden has not been met. Accordingly, the March 9, 2007 decision of the director is affirmed and the petition is denied.

ORDER: The director's decision of March 9, 2007 is affirmed. The petition is denied.