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U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
425 Eye Street N.W.
ULLB, 3rd Floor
Washington, D.C. 20536



Public Copy

File: EAC-98-084-51135 Office: Vermont Service Center Date: AUG 14 2001

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

Petition: Petition for Special Immigrant Religious Worker Pursuant to Section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the "Act"), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(4), as described at Section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(C)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER: [Redacted]

Identifying data deleted to prevent clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS

Robert P. Wiemann
for Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The immigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center. An appeal was dismissed by the Associate Commissioner for Examinations. The matter is again before the Associate Commissioner on motion to reopen. The motion will be dismissed.

The petitioner is described as a religious organization claiming to operate a mosque and other community facilities. It seeks classification of the beneficiary as a special immigrant religious worker pursuant to section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the "Act"), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(4), in order to employ him as a religion teacher at a salary of \$250 per month.

The petitioner filed a Form I-360 petition for special immigrant classification on January 14, 1998. The petition was denied in a decision dated September 16, 1998. The petition was denied on the grounds that the petitioner failed to establish that the beneficiary had satisfied the requirement of at least two years of continuous experience in a religious occupation pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(1) or that the proposed position was qualifying as a religious occupation for the purpose of special immigrant classification.

The petitioner filed a timely Notice of Appeal from the decision. The Associate Commissioner, by and through the Director, Administrative Appeals Office ("AAO"), dismissed the appeal finding that the petitioner had failed to overcome the grounds of ineligibility cited by the center director in the notice of decision. The AAO further found that the petitioner did not tender a qualifying job offer pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(4).

In the statement on motion, an official of the petitioner states that the beneficiary is actually a minister and that the proposed position is clearly a religious occupation consistent with the traditions of Islam.

According to 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(2), a motion to reopen must state the new facts to be provided and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. In order to prevail on a motion to reopen, the petitioner must establish that the new facts and/or evidence presented were unavailable at the time the prior decision was issued. *Id.* According to 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(3), a motion to reconsider must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions to establish that the decision was based on an incorrect application of law or Service policy. To prevail on a motion for reconsideration, the petitioner must establish that the prior decision rests on an incorrect application of law, so that the decision "was incorrect based on the evidence of record at the time of the initial decision." *Id.* According to 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(4), a motion that does not meet applicable requirements shall be dismissed.

After a review of the petitioner's statements on motion, it must be concluded that it has not presented any new facts that were somehow unavailable at the time the appeal was filed. Nor has it identified any incorrect application of law. Therefore, the action does not meet the applicable requirements of a motion to reopen and must be dismissed.

The petitioner essentially seeks to amend its petition for consideration as a minister in a religious vocation, rather than for a lay person in a religious occupation as advanced in the original submission. A material change to the terms of a petition cannot be made on appeal or by a motion. See Matter of Katigbak, 14 I&N Dec. 45 (Comm. 1971). Furthermore, the petitioner essentially seeks a readjudication of the underlying petition and a waiver of the thirty-day appeal period. There is no provision for such an adjudication on a motion to reopen or a motion to reconsider.

ORDER: The motion is dismissed.