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U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
425 Eye Street N.W.
ULLB, 3rd Floor
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: WAC-01-026-54383

Office: California Service Center

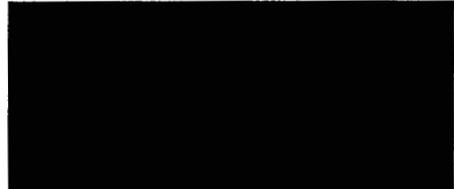
Date: JUN 21 2002

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:



Petition: Petition for Special Immigrant Religious Worker Pursuant to Section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the "Act"), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(4), as described at Section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(C)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



FILED COPY

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The immigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is described as a religious organization affiliated with the Church of Scientology. It seeks classification of the beneficiary as a special immigrant minister pursuant to section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the "Act"), 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(4), in order to employ her as a religious counselor/minister at an undisclosed rate of remuneration.

The director denied the petition on the grounds that the petitioner failed to demonstrate that the beneficiary had been continuously carrying on the vocation of a minister for at least the two years preceding the filing of the petition. The director found that the claim that the beneficiary had been a part-time volunteer with the petitioner, while also engaged in a secular occupation as a university lecturer, was insufficient to satisfy the prior experience requirement of this provision.

On appeal, counsel for the petitioner asserted that the director erred in denying the petition and argued that there is no basis in the Act requiring the prior experience to have been full-time and salaried.

Section 203(b)(4) of the Act provides classification to qualified special immigrant religious workers as described in section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)(C), which pertains to an immigrant who:

(i) for at least 2 years immediately preceding the time of application for admission, has been a member of a religious denomination having a bona fide nonprofit, religious organization in the United States;

(ii) seeks to enter the United States--

(I) solely for the purpose of carrying on the vocation of a minister of that religious denomination,

(II) before October 1, 2003, in order to work for the organization at the request of the organization in a professional capacity in a religious vocation or occupation, or

(III) before October 1, 2003, in order to work for the organization (or for a bona fide organization which is affiliated with the religious denomination and is exempt from taxation as an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Code of 1986) at the request of

the organization in a religious vocation or occupation;
and

(iii) has been carrying on such vocation, professional work, or other work continuously for at least the 2-year period described in clause (i).

In order to establish eligibility for classification as a special immigrant minister, the petitioner must satisfy each of several eligibility requirements.

A petitioner must establish that the alien beneficiary was continuously carrying on the vocation of a minister for at least the two years preceding the filing of the petition.

8 C.F.R. 204.5(m) (1) states, in pertinent part, that:

All three types of religious workers must have been performing the vocation, professional work, or other work continuously (either abroad or in the United States) for at least the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of the petition.

In the case of special immigrant ministers, it was held in Matter of Faith Assembly Church, 19 I&N 391 (Comm. 1986) that the alien must have been engaged solely as a minister of the religious denomination for the two-year period in order to qualify for the benefit sought and must intend to be engaged solely in the work of a minister of religion upon approval of the visa petition.

The petition was filed on October 26, 2000. Therefore, the petitioner must establish that the beneficiary had been continuously and solely carrying on the vocation of a minister of religion since at least October 26, 1998.

In this case, the petitioner submitted a letter from the beneficiary stating, in pertinent part, that:

In October 1998-June 1999 I was a part time volunteer for the Office of Special Affairs in the community outreach department of the Church. At this time my husband was retired and I was also lecturing at Damelin College three hours a day and two evenings a week to supplement our income.

Based on the beneficiary's own statement, she was not continuously and solely engaged in the vocation of a minister from at least October 1998 to October 2000. Even if the petition was considered as a request for classification as a lay religious worker, the Service holds that lay persons who perform casual volunteer activities with their church, especially while also engaged in a

secular occupation, are not engaged in a religious occupation and that the voluntary activities do not constitute qualifying work experience for the purpose of an employment-based special immigrant visa petition.

Contrary to counsel's argument on appeal, the statute and its implementing regulations require that a beneficiary had been continuously carrying on the religious occupation specified in the petition for the two years preceding filing. The regulations are silent on the question of volunteer work satisfying the requirement. The pertinent regulations were drafted in recognition of the special circumstances of some religious workers, specifically those engaged in a religious vocation, in that they may not be salaried in the conventional sense and may not follow a conventional work schedule. The regulations distinguish religious vocations from lay religious occupations. 8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(2) defines a religious vocation, in part, as a calling to religious life evidenced by the taking of vows. While such persons are not employed *per se* in the conventional sense of salaried employment, they are fully financially supported and maintained by their religious institution and are answerable to that institution. The regulation defines lay religious occupations, in contrast, in general terms as an activity related to a "traditional religious function." *Id.* Such lay persons are employed in the conventional sense of salaried employment. The regulations recognize this distinction by requiring that in order to qualify for special immigrant classification in a religious occupation, the job offer for a lay employee of a religious organization must show that he or she will be employed in the conventional sense of salaried employment and will not be dependent on supplemental employment. See 8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(4). Because the statute requires two years of continuous experience in the same position for which special immigrant classification is sought, the Service interprets its own regulations to require that, in cases of lay persons seeking to engage in a religious occupation, the prior experience must have been full-time salaried employment in order to qualify as well.

Beyond the discussion in the director's decision, the petitioner has failed to demonstrate eligibility on other grounds.

8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(3)(i) requires a petitioner to submit proof that the prospective employer is a qualifying religious organization exempt from, or eligible for exemption from, taxation as described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as it relates to religious organizations. The petitioner demonstrated that the Church of Scientology has the appropriate tax exempt recognition, but failed to submit documentation showing that it is a registered subsidiary organization included in the Church's group tax exemption.

8 C.F.R. 204.5(g)(2) requires a prospective employer to submit its

annual reports, federal tax returns, or audited financial statements to demonstrate the ability to pay the proffered wage. The petitioner failed to submit such required documentation.

8 C.F.R. 204.5(m)(4) requires that the prospective employer submit a detailed job offer specifying the terms of remuneration. The petitioner failed to submit such required documentation.

As the appeal will be dismissed on the grounds discussed, these issues will not be examined further.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. Here, the petitioner has not sustained that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.