



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Identifying one's status as
a government employee under the
Immigration and Nationality Act
of persons who are



CI

FILE:



EAC 01123 52229

Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

Date: AUG 11 2004

IN RE:

Petitioner:



Beneficiary:

PETITION: Petition for Special Immigrant Religious Worker Pursuant to Section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), as described at Section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(C)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The immigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center. An appeal was dismissed by the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The matter is again before the AAO on motion to reopen. The motion will be dismissed.

The petitioner seeks classification of the beneficiary as a special immigrant religious worker pursuant to section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), in order to employ him as a minister.

The petitioner filed an appeal from the director's decision denying the petition. The AAO dismissed the appeal, finding that the petitioner had failed to overcome the grounds for denial.

The petitioner now files a motion to reopen the decision and asserts that it will submit additional documentary evidence. More than ten months have lapsed since the petitioner filed the motion to reopen and nothing more has been submitted for the record.

According to the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(2), a motion to reopen must state the new facts to be provided in the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence.

According to the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(3), a motion to reconsider must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions to establish that the decision was based on an incorrect application of law or Bureau policy. To prevail on a motion for reconsideration, the petitioner must establish that the prior decision rests on an incorrect application of law, so that the decision "was incorrect based on the evidence of record at the time of the initial decision." *Id.* According to 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(4), a motion that does not meet applicable requirements shall be dismissed.

The petitioner has not presented new evidence that was previously unavailable and has not established that the prior decision was an incorrect application of law. The petitioner has failed to establish that this action meets the applicable requirements of a motion and it must be dismissed.

ORDER: The motion is dismissed.