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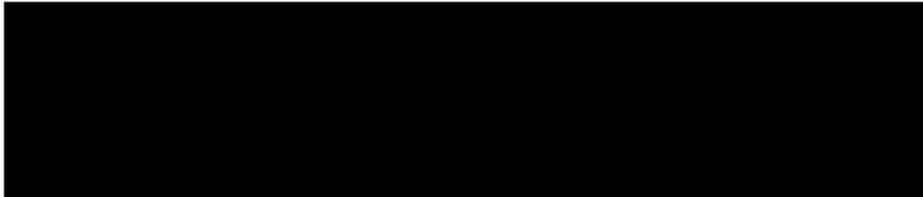
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
20 Mass. Ave., N.W., Rm. 3000  
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

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FILE: [redacted] Office: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER Date: JUL 05 2007  
SRC 06 081 53653

IN RE: Petitioner: [redacted]  
Beneficiary: [redacted]

PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Special Immigrant Religious Worker Pursuant to Section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), as described at Section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(C)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:  
[redacted]

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

*Robert P. Wiemann*  
Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Director, Texas Service Center, denied the employment-based immigrant visa petition. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The director referred to Iglesia Cristiana Dios Con Nosotros Internacional as the petitioning entity. Part 1 of the Form I-360 petition identifies both the church and the alien beneficiary as the petitioner. An applicant or petitioner must sign his or her application or petition. 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(a)(2). In this instance, Part 9 of the Form I-360, "Signature," has been signed not by any church official, but by the alien beneficiary himself. Thus, the beneficiary has taken responsibility for the content of the petition and is, therefore, the petitioner.

The petitioner seeks classification as a special immigrant religious worker pursuant to section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), to perform services as senior pastor of the church named above. The director determined that the petitioner had not established that he had the requisite two years of continuous work experience as a pastor immediately preceding the filing date of the petition, or that the church qualifies as a tax-exempt, non-profit religious organization.

8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) states, in pertinent part, "[a]n officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal."

On the Form I-290B Notice of Appeal, filed January 4, 2007, counsel states that the petitioner "will submit, within 30 days," evidence to address the director's concerns and establish the petitioner's eligibility. To date, about six months later, careful review of the record reveals no subsequent submission; all other documentation in the record predates the issuance of the notice of decision. On June 19, 2007, counsel informed the AAO that he did not submit any supplemental brief or evidence during the time requested.

The assertion that evidence will be submitted is not, itself, a substantive appeal; it makes no specific allegation of error. Because counsel never submitted this unidentified evidence, there is no basis upon which to pursue this matter further. The mere filing of an appeal devoid of substantive content does not compel administrative review or readjudication of a denied petition.

Inasmuch as counsel has failed to identify specifically an erroneous conclusion of law or a statement of fact as a basis for the appeal, the appeal must be summarily dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.