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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services

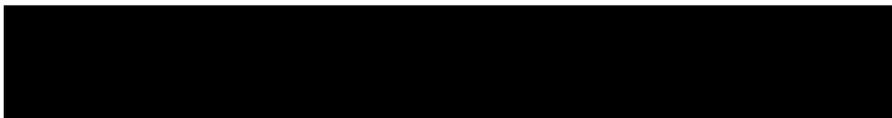
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
425 Eye Street N.W.
BCIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: WAC 98 230 50454 Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

Date: JUN 27 2003

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:



Petition: Petition for Special Immigrant Religious Worker Pursuant to Section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), as described at Section 101(a)(27)(C) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(C)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (Bureau) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.


Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The immigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, California Service Center. An appeal was dismissed by the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The matter is again before the AAO on motion to reconsider. The motion will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a church. It seeks classification of the beneficiary as a special immigrant religious worker pursuant to section 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(4), in order to employ her as an ordained minister.

The petitioner filed a Form I-360 petition for special immigrant classification on August 24, 1998. The director requested additional evidence. The petitioner responded to the request for additional evidence. The petition was denied on the grounds that the petitioner failed to submit sufficient evidence that the petitioner has the ability to pay the beneficiary the proffered wage, and that the beneficiary had the two-year requisite experience in the proffered position as an ordained minister.

The petitioner filed an appeal from the decision. The AAO dismissed the appeal, finding that the petitioner had failed to overcome the grounds for denial.

The petitioner now files a motion to reconsider the decision and asserts that the evidence is sufficient to establish eligibility. The petitioner submits a new Form I-360 with the motion to reconsider.

According to 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(3), a motion to reconsider must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions to establish that the decision was based on an incorrect application of law or Bureau policy. To prevail on a motion for reconsideration, the petitioner must establish that the prior decision rests on an incorrect application of law, so that the decision "was incorrect based on the evidence of record at the time of the initial decision." *Id.* According to 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(4), a motion that does not meet applicable requirements shall be dismissed.

The petitioner has not presented new evidence that was previously unavailable and has not established that the prior decision was an incorrect application of law. The petitioner essentially seeks adjudication of a new, amended petition and a waiver of the filing fee. There is no provision for such an adjudication on a motion to reopen or a motion to reconsider. The petitioner has failed to establish that this action meets the applicable requirements of a motion, and it must be dismissed.

ORDER: The motion is dismissed.