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U.S. Citizenship  
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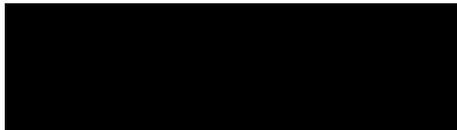
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FILE: EAC 06 154 52737 Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER Date: OCT 22 2007

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:



PETITION: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the  
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Robert P. Wiemann".

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The service center director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed. The petition will be denied.

The petitioner is engaged in software training development and computer consultancy services. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as a programmer analyst and endeavors to classify him as a nonimmigrant worker in a specialty occupation pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b).

The director denied the petition because a certified labor condition application (LCA) for the beneficiary's proposed work location of Clearwater, FL was not obtained prior to the filing of the Form I-129 petition. On appeal, the petitioner acknowledges that it had mistakenly obtained an LCA for the work location of Clearwater, DE, rather than the actual work location of Clearwater, FL. The petitioner submits, on appeal, a new LCA.

The issue to be discussed in this proceeding is whether a certified LCA was obtained prior to the filing of the Form I-129 petition.

Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b), provides, in part, for the classification of qualified nonimmigrant aliens who are coming temporarily to the United States to perform services in a specialty occupation.

Section 101(a)(15)(H) of the Act defines an H-1B nonimmigrant as:

[A]n alien who is coming temporarily to the United States to perform services . . . in a specialty occupation . . . and with respect to whom the Secretary of Labor determines and certifies to the Attorney General that the intending employer has filed with the Secretary of Labor an application under section 212(a)(n)(1) . . . .

Title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, part 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(B)(1) provides that the petitioner shall submit with an H-1B petition "a certification from the Secretary of Labor that the petitioner has filed a labor condition application with the Secretary." The regulations further provide:

Before filing a petition for H-1B classification in a specialty occupation the petitioner shall obtain a certification from the Department of Labor that it has filed a labor condition application in the occupational specialty in which the alien(s) will be employed.

8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(i)(B)(1).

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(b)(12), "an application or petition shall be denied where evidence submitted in response to a request for initial evidence does not establish filing eligibility at the time the application or petition was filed. . . ." The Form I-129 petition was filed in April of 2006, accompanied by an LCA certifying a work location for Clearwater, DE. The record reflects that the beneficiary's proposed work location is Clearwater, FL. On July 24, 2006, the director requested additional evidence from the petitioner, including a request for the petitioner to submit a properly certified LCA for the beneficiary's proposed work location. The petitioner responded to the request for evidence but did not submit a properly certified LCA for Clearwater, FL, the proposed work location for the beneficiary. The petition was accordingly denied. On appeal, the petitioner submitted a new LCA noting the work location of Clearwater, FL. That LCA, however, was certified on October 17, 2006, a date subsequent to the filing of the initial petition. The petition must,

accordingly, be denied because certification was not obtained prior to the filing of the H-1B petition.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has failed to sustain that burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed. The petition is denied.