



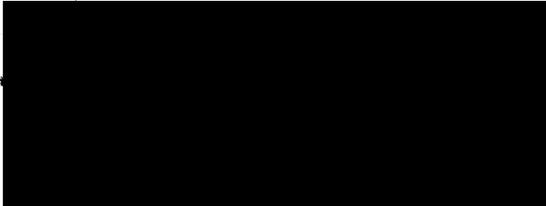
DA

U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

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OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS  
425 Eye Street N.W.  
ULLB, 3rd Floor  
Washington, D.C. 20536



File: LIN 00 188 50488

Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER

Date: 12 FEB 2002

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:



Petition: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



PUBLIC COPY

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,  
EXAMINATIONS

Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and the matter is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be sustained.

The petitioner is a computer consulting company with 40 employees and a gross annual income of \$4,000,000. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as a computer programmer analyst for a period of 32 months. The director determined that the proffered position qualified as a specialty occupation but denied the petition finding that the petitioner had failed to establish that the beneficiary was qualified to perform the duties of a specialty occupation.

On appeal, counsel submits a brief.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(ii) defines the term "specialty occupation" as:

an occupation which requires theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge in fields of human endeavor including, but not limited to, architecture, engineering, mathematics, physical sciences, social sciences, medicine and health, education, business specialties, accounting, law, theology, and the arts, and which requires the attainment of a bachelor's degree or higher in a specific specialty, or its equivalent, as a minimum for entry into the occupation in the United States.

Further, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A) that a petitioner could qualify the offered position as a specialty occupation if the petitioner could establish that:

1. A baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is normally the minimum requirement for entry into the particular position;
2. The degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations or, in the alternative, an employer may show that its particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree;
3. The employer normally requires a degree or its equivalent for the position; or
4. The nature of the specific duties is so specialized and complex that knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

In addition, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(i)(A)(1) provides that an H-1B classification may be granted to an alien who:

Will perform services in a specialty occupation which requires theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge and attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent as a minimum for entry into the occupation in the United States, and who is qualified to perform services in the specialty occupation because he or she has attained a baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent in the specialty occupation.

The director denied the petition finding that the beneficiary did not have a bachelor's or higher degree or its equivalent in an academic field related to the specialty occupation. The director determined that the petitioner had not established that the combination of the beneficiary's education, experience, and training were equivalent to a bachelor's degree. On appeal, counsel for the petitioner asserts that the beneficiary has the equivalent of a bachelor's degree with a dual major in mechanical engineering and computer science. In support of the appeal, counsel submits an evaluation of the beneficiary's education, training, and experience performed by an Associate Professor from the Zicklin School of Business at Baruch College, The City University of New York.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(D) describes the methods that a petitioner can use to establish that the beneficiary has the equivalent of a bachelor's degree. The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(D)(1) provides that an evaluation from an official who has authority to grant college-level credit for training and/or experience in the specialty at an accredited college or university which has a program for granting such credit based on an individual's training and/or work experience can be submitted to establish that the beneficiary has the equivalent of a bachelor's degree.

Upon review, the record as presently constituted establishes that the beneficiary has the equivalent of a bachelor's or higher degree related to the specialty occupation. The evaluation submitted by the petitioner on appeal comports with the above-cited regulation. As a result, the basis for the director's decision has been overcome and the petition shall be approved.

**ORDER:** The appeal is sustained.