



U.S. Citizenship
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FILE: WAC 02 192 52671 Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date: **JAN 31 2005**

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:

PETITION: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The service center director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed. The petition will be denied.

The petitioner operates three facilities that provide rehabilitation services to mentally and physically challenged individuals. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as a coordinator of rehabilitation services. The petitioner endeavors to classify the beneficiary as a nonimmigrant worker in a specialty occupation pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b).

The director denied the petition because the proffered position is not a specialty occupation. On appeal, counsel submits a brief.

Section 214(i)(1) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1184(i)(1), defines the term "specialty occupation" as an occupation that requires:

- (A) theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge, and
- (B) attainment of a bachelor's or higher degree in the specific specialty (or its equivalent) as a minimum for entry into the occupation in the United States.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A), to qualify as a specialty occupation, the position must meet one of the following criteria:

- (1) A baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is normally the minimum requirement for entry into the particular position;
- (2) The degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations or, in the alternative, an employer may show that its particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree;
- (3) The employer normally requires a degree or its equivalent for the position; or
- (4) The nature of the specific duties is so specialized and complex that knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) interprets the term "degree" in the criteria at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A) to mean not just any baccalaureate or higher degree, but one in a specific specialty that is directly related to the proffered position.

The record of proceeding before the AAO contains: (1) Form I-129 and supporting documentation; (2) the director's request for additional evidence; (3) the petitioner's response to the director's request; (4) the director's denial letter; and (5) Form I-290B and supporting documentation. The AAO reviewed the record in its entirety before issuing its decision.

The petitioner is seeking the beneficiary's services as a coordinator of rehabilitation services. Evidence of the beneficiary's duties includes: the I-129 petition; the petitioner's May 7, 2002 letter in support of the petition;

and the petitioner's response to the director's request for evidence. According to this evidence, the beneficiary would perform duties that entail: planning, administering, and directing the operation of all health rehabilitation programs, such as physical and occupational therapists; consulting with medical and professional staff of other departments and personnel from associated health care fields to plan and coordinate joint patient and management objectives; conducting staff conferences and planning training programs to maintain proficiency of staff in therapy techniques and use of new methods and equipment; allocating personnel on basis of work load, space, and equipment available; analyzing operating costs and preparing department budget; recommending patient fees; maintaining statistics; determining patient review dates; comparing in-patient medical records to established criteria; conferring with medical and nursing personnel and other professional staff to determine legitimacy of treatment; and assisting the petitioner's owner and review committee in planning and holding federally mandated quality assurance reviews. The petitioner indicated that a qualified candidate for the job would possess a bachelor's degree in occupational therapy.

The director found that the proffered position was not a specialty occupation because the job is primarily that of a medical records and health information technician. Citing to the Department of Labor's *Occupational Outlook Handbook (Handbook)*, 2002-2003 edition, the director noted that the minimum requirement for entry into the position was not a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent in a specific specialty. The director found further that the petitioner failed to establish any of the criteria found at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A).

On appeal, counsel states, in part, that the proffered position is similar to a health services manager, and is not a medical records and health information technician. Counsel states further that the proposed duties, which entail supervising physical and occupational therapists, require a strong understanding of physical and occupational therapies that can be achieved only by the attainment of a baccalaureate degree in physical or occupational therapy.

Upon review of the record, the petitioner has established none of the four criteria outlined in 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A). Therefore, the proffered position is not a specialty occupation.

The AAO turns first to the criteria at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(1) and (2): a baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is the normal minimum requirement for entry into the particular position; a degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations; or a particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree.

Factors often considered by CIS when determining these criteria include: whether the *Handbook* reports that the industry requires a degree; whether the industry's professional association has made a degree a minimum entry requirement; and whether letters or affidavits from firms or individuals in the industry attest that such firms "routinely employ and recruit only degreed individuals." See *Shanti, Inc. v. Reno*, 36 F. Supp. 2d 1151, 1165 (D.Min. 1999)(quoting *Hird/Blaker Corp. v. Slattery*, 764 F. Supp. 872, 1102 (S.D.N.Y. 1991)).

The AAO routinely consults the *Handbook* for its information about the duties and educational requirements of particular occupations. The AAO does not concur with counsel that the proffered position is a health services manager, a position that requires a master's degree in health services administration, long-term care administration, health sciences, public health, public administration, or business administration. See the *Handbook*, 2004-2005 edition, at page 56. Although the proposed duties include such activities as directing physical and occupational therapists and consulting with medical and professional staff of other departments, the record does not contain any evidence that the petitioner employs physical and occupational therapists nor

does it describe the nature of its "other departments." Furthermore, the record contains no evidence of the petitioner's current eight employees that are claimed on the petition. Going on record without supporting documentary evidence is not sufficient for purposes of meeting the burden of proof in these proceedings. *Matter of Treasure Craft of California*, 14 I&N Dec. 190 (Reg. Comm. 1972). A review of the Office and Administrative Support Worker Supervisors and Managers job description in the *Handbook* finds that the proposed job duties parallel those responsibilities of an office and administrative support worker supervisor or manager. It is noted that the *Handbook's* "Employment" section at page 465 indicates that these particular jobs are found in practically every industry, including healthcare. No evidence in the *Handbook* indicates that a baccalaureate or higher degree, or its equivalent, is required for an office and administrative support worker supervisor or manager job.

The record contains no evidence regarding parallel positions in the petitioner's industry. The record also does not include any evidence from professional associations regarding an industry standard, or documentation to support the complexity or uniqueness of the proffered position. The petitioner, therefore, has not established the criteria set forth at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(1) or (2).

The AAO now turns to the criterion at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(3) – the employer normally requires a degree or its equivalent for the position. As counsel does not address this issue on appeal, it will not be discussed further.

Finally, the AAO turns to the criterion at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(4) – the nature of the specific duties is so specialized and complex that knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

To the extent that they are depicted in the record, the duties do not appear so specialized and complex as to require the highly specialized knowledge associated with a baccalaureate or higher degree, or its equivalent, in a specific specialty. Therefore, the evidence does not establish that the proffered position is a specialty occupation under 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(4).

As related in the discussion above, the petitioner has failed to establish that the proffered position is a specialty occupation. Accordingly, the AAO shall not disturb the director's denial of the petition.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has not sustained that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. The petition is denied.