



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

PUBLIC COPY

Identify the subject of  
prevent the unauthorized  
invasion of personal privacy

108

MAY 30 2005

[Redacted]

FILE: WAC 04 005 52405 Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date:

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]  
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

PETITION: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the  
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

[Redacted]

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The service center director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be sustained. The petition will be approved.

The petitioner is a wholesale clothing company that seeks to employ the beneficiary as an accountant. The petitioner endeavors to classify the beneficiary as a nonimmigrant worker in a specialty occupation pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b).

The director denied the petition because the proffered position is not a specialty occupation. On appeal, counsel submits a brief.

Section 214(i)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1184 (i)(1), defines the term "specialty occupation" as an occupation that requires:

- (A) theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge, and
- (B) attainment of a bachelor's or higher degree in the specific specialty (or its equivalent) as a minimum for entry into the occupation in the United States.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A), to qualify as a specialty occupation, the position must meet one of the following criteria:

- (1) A baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is normally the minimum requirement for entry into the particular position;
- (2) The degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations or, in the alternative, an employer may show that its particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree;
- (3) The employer normally requires a degree or its equivalent for the position; or
- (4) The nature of the specific duties is so specialized and complex that knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) interprets the term "degree" in the criteria at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A) to mean not just any baccalaureate or higher degree, but one in a specific specialty that is directly related to the proffered position.

The record of proceeding before the AAO contains: (1) Form I-129 and supporting documentation; (2) the director's request for additional evidence; (3) the petitioner's response to the director's request; (4) the director's denial letter; and (5) Form I-290B and supporting documentation. The AAO reviewed the record in its entirety before issuing its decision.

The petitioner is seeking the beneficiary's services as an accountant. Evidence of the beneficiary's duties includes: the I-129 petition; the petitioner's October 1, 2003 letter in support of the application; a position description; and the petitioner's response to the director's request for evidence. According to this evidence, the beneficiary would perform duties that entail, in part: collecting and analyzing financial data such as source documents used for accounting records of initial entry, control accounts and financial reports; researching and making corrections to expenditures; collecting data and preparing necessary invoicing documentation; controlling collections and accounts receivable activities; reconciling and reviewing checking accounts with bank statements; performing a wide variety of related accounting and administrative tasks, such as reviewing service documents for accounting purposes; maintaining ledgers and recording entries; participating in the budget process; interacting with vendors; reviewing and maintaining general and subsidiary ledgers; developing and modifying simple spreadsheet applications using a personal computer; preparing reports and statements pertinent to accounting and related data; preparing and submitting financial reports from data compiled from ledgers; preparing and submitting monthly analysis of expenditures and revenues; preparing quarterly operating and income statements; writing weekly/monthly reports to the company president; analyzing and evaluating accounting problems; reviewing, developing, analyzing and modifying accounting procedures to ensure efficiency and accuracy; supervising and instructing accounting units; preparing and submitting monthly analysis of expenditures and revenues; preparing quarterly operating and income statements; analyzing and interpreting fiscal and accounting records and preparing accurate and complete financial statements; communicating with the store accounting managers on technical accounting and bookkeeping problems and the interpretation and application of rules, regulations, and accounting problems; and preparing to unify each store's accounting system. The petitioner indicated that a qualified candidate for the job would possess a master's degree in accounting.

The director found that the proffered position was not a specialty occupation because the job is not an accountant position; it is a bookkeeper position. The director noted that the minimum requirement for entry into the position was not a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent in a specific specialty. The director found further that the petitioner failed to establish any of the criteria found at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A).

On appeal, counsel states that the duties of the proffered position are consistent with the duties that the director determined to be those of an accountant. Counsel also states that while any accounting position will encompass some of the same duties as a bookkeeper position, the majority of the duties of the proffered position of those of an accountant.

The AAO agrees with counsel that the proffered position is an accountant, not a bookkeeper. The duties of the position require a theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge and are at a level of responsibility of an accountant.

Upon review of the record, the petitioner has established one of the four criteria outlined in 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A). Therefore, the proffered position is a specialty occupation.

The AAO turns first to the criteria at 8 C.F.R. § 214.2 (h)(4)(iii)(A)(1) and (2): a baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is the normal minimum requirement for entry into the particular position; a degree

requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations; or a particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree.

Factors often considered by CIS when determining these criteria include: whether the Department of Labor's *Occupational Outlook Handbook (Handbook)* reports that the industry requires a degree; whether the industry's professional association has made a degree a minimum entry requirement; and whether letters or affidavits from firms or individuals in the industry attest that such firms "routinely employ and recruit only degreed individuals." See *Shanti, Inc. v. Reno*, 36 F. Supp. 2d 1151, 1165 (D.Minn. 1999)(quoting *Hird/Blaker Corp. v. Sava*, 712 F. Supp. 1095, 1102 (S.D.N.Y. 1989)).

The AAO routinely consults the *Handbook* for its information about the duties and educational requirements of particular occupations. The *Handbook* states that for an accountant, a bachelor's degree in accounting or a related field is required.

Therefore, the evidence establishes that the proffered position is a specialty occupation under 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A)(4).

The beneficiary has a master's degree in accounting, indicating that he is qualified for this specialty occupation.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has sustained that burden. Accordingly, the appeal will be sustained and the petition will be approved.

**ORDER:** The appeal is sustained. The director's order is withdrawn and the petition is approved.