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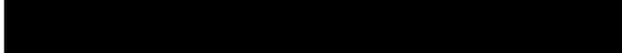
**U.S. Citizenship
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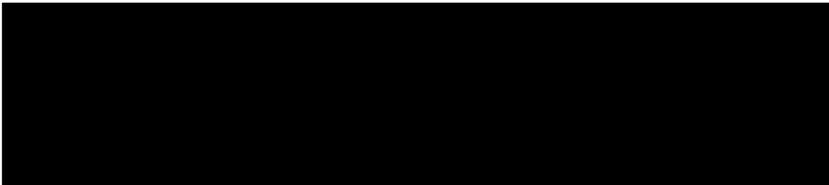
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FILE: WAC 07 033 52618 Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date: FEB 08 2008

IN RE: Petitioner: 
Beneficiary: 

PETITION: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The service center director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed. The petition will be denied.

The petitioner is a supplier of equipment to the defense industry. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as an operations research analyst and endeavors to classify him as a nonimmigrant worker in a specialty occupation pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b).

The director denied the petition because a certified labor condition application (LCA) was not obtained prior to the filing of the Form I-129 petition. On appeal, the petitioner states that the director denied the petition in error, that it had attempted to file its request for an LCA electronically, and that the director failed to cite regulations requiring the filing of an LCA prior to the filing of the Form I-129.

The issue to be discussed in this proceeding is whether a certified LCA was obtained prior to the filing of the Form I-129 petition.

Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b), provides, in part, for the classification of qualified nonimmigrant aliens who are coming temporarily to the United States to perform services in a specialty occupation.

Section 101(a)(15)(H) of the Act defines an H-1B nonimmigrant as:

[A]n alien who is coming temporarily to the United States to perform services . . . in a specialty occupation . . . and with respect to whom the Secretary of Labor determines and certifies to the Attorney General that the intending employer has filed with the Secretary of Labor an application under section 212(a)(n)(1)

Title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, part 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(B)(1) provides that the petitioner shall submit with an H-1B petition “a certification from the Secretary of Labor that the petitioner has filed a labor condition application with the Secretary.” The regulations further provide:

Before filing a petition for H-1B classification in a specialty occupation the petitioner shall obtain a certification from the Department of Labor that it has filed a labor condition application in the occupational specialty in which the alien(s) will be employed.

8 C.F.R. § 214.2(h)(4)(i)(B)(1).

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(b)(12), “an application or petition shall be denied where evidence submitted in response to a request for initial evidence does not establish filing eligibility at the time the application or petition was filed. . . .” The Form I-129 petition was filed November 13, 2006. A properly certified LCA for the beneficiary’s intended work location was not submitted at the time of filing. The director then submitted a Notice of Intent to Deny (NOID) requesting the petitioner to submit a properly certified LCA. In response to the director’s NOID, the petitioner submitted an LCA certified on March 19, 2007, subsequent to the filing of the initial petition. The petition must, accordingly, be denied because certification was not obtained prior to the filing of the H-1B petition.

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The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has failed to sustain that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. The petition is denied.