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U.S. Department of Justice
Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS
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Washington, D.C. 20536



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prevent clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy.

File: WAC 00 042 51313 Office: California Service Center

Date: APR 27 2001

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiaries:



Petition: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(iii)

Public Copy

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS

Myra L. Rosenberg
for Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be sustained.

The petitioner is a company engaged in the business of owning and operating hotels in the territory of Guam and related businesses throughout the world. It seeks classification of the beneficiaries as international guest relations trainees for a period of one year. The director determined that the petitioner did not establish that it had the physical plant and sufficiently trained manpower to provide the training specified. The director also determined that the beneficiaries already possessed substantial training and expertise in the proposed field of training.

On appeal, counsel states that the petitioner has adequate space and that the beneficiaries have only one year of post secondary study in Japan.

Section 101(a) (15) (H) (iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. 1101(a) (15) (H) (iii), provides classification to an alien having a residence in a foreign country which he or she has no intention of abandoning who is coming temporarily to the United States as a trainee, other than to receive graduate medical education or training, in a training program that is not designed primarily to provide productive employment.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h) (7) states, in pertinent part:

(ii) *Evidence required for petition involving alien trainee--(A) Conditions.* The petitioner is required to demonstrate that:

(1) The proposed training is not available in the alien's own country;

(2) The beneficiary will not be placed in a position which is in the normal operation of the business and in which citizens and resident workers are regularly employed;

(3) The beneficiary will not engage in productive employment unless such employment is incidental and necessary to the training; and

(4) The training will benefit the beneficiary in pursuing a career outside the United States.

(B) *Description of training program.* Each petition for a trainee must include a statement which:

(1) Describes the type of training and supervision to be given, and the structure of the training program;

(2) Sets forth the proportion of time that will be devoted to productive employment;

(3) Shows the number of hours that will be spent, respectively, in classroom instruction and in on-the-job training;

(4) Describes the career abroad for which the training will prepare the alien;

(5) Indicates the reasons why such training cannot be obtained in the alien's country and why it is necessary for the alien to be trained in the United States; and

(6) Indicates the source of any remuneration received by the trainee and any benefit which will accrue to the petitioner for providing the training.

(iii) *Restrictions on training program for alien trainee.* A training program may not be approved which:

(A) Deals in generalities with no fixed schedule, objectives, or means of evaluation;

(B) Is incompatible with the nature of the petitioner's business or enterprise;

(C) Is on behalf of a beneficiary who already possesses substantial training and expertise in the proposed field of training;

(D) Is in a field in which it is unlikely that the knowledge or skill will be used outside the United States;

(E) Will result in productive employment beyond that which is incidental and necessary to the training;

(F) Is designed to recruit and train aliens for the ultimate staffing of domestic operations in the United States;

(G) Does not establish that the petitioner has the physical plant and sufficiently trained manpower to provide the training specified; or

(H) Is designed to extend the total allowable period of practical training previously authorized a nonimmigrant student.

The petitioner is a part of the [REDACTED] International Group and has relationships with other international hotels including the Hotel Arthur Sapporo, Japan, and the Suisse Hotel, Ankara, Turkey. The beneficiaries are students interested in becoming career employees. The beneficiaries will be trained in classroom settings at Guam Community College, which operates the Hospitality Institute in Guam, the Guam Hotel & Restaurant Association, and at the petitioning entity. The training program is supported by and a cooperative effort between ASO Foreign Language and Travel College, the Guam Hotel & Restaurant Association, Guam Community College and the petitioner. The training program consists of a fixed schedule in which ASO Foreign Language and Travel College and Guam Community College will objectively evaluate the progress and results of the training. The petitioner has the physical plant with its several hundred rooms where it conducts constant training for its employees. The petitioner has also shown that it has sufficiently trained manpower to provide the training. The beneficiaries will be placed overseas in an [REDACTED] office or a sister hotel after training.

Further, the beneficiaries have no prior training. They are students at ASO Foreign Language and Travel College in Japan. Therefore, the beneficiaries do not possess substantial training and expertise in the proposed field of training.

In nonimmigrant visa petition proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. The petitioner has met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is sustained.