

DC

U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services

ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE

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425 Eye Street, N.W.  
BCIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F  
Washington, D.C. 20536

File: LIN 02 235 54265

Office: Nebraska Service Center

Date: AUG 15 2003

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:

Petition: Petition for Alien Fiancé(e) Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,  
8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER: SELF-REPRESENTED

PUBLIC COPY

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.



Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and is now on appeal before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The appeal will be considered moot and all action on it will be terminated.

The petitioner is a citizen of the United States who seeks to classify the beneficiary, a native and citizen of Vietnam, as the fiancée of a United States citizen pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K).

The director denied the petition after determining that the petitioner and the beneficiary had not personally met within two years before the date of filing the petition, as required by section 214(d) of the Act. In reaching this conclusion, the director found that the petitioner's failure to comply with the statutory requirement was not the result of extreme hardship to the petitioner or unique circumstances.

8 C.F.R. § 214.2(k)(2) states, in pertinent part:

*Requirement that petitioner and beneficiary have met.*  
The petitioner shall establish to the satisfaction of the director that the petitioner and beneficiary have met in person within the two years immediately preceding the filing of the petition.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 214.2(k)(2), a director may exercise discretion and waive the requirement of a personal meeting between the two parties if it is established that compliance would:

- (1) Result in extreme hardship to the petitioner; or
- (2) Violate strict and long-established customs of the beneficiary's foreign culture or social practice.

The regulation at § 214.2(k)(2) does not define what may constitute extreme hardship to a petitioner. Therefore, each claim of extreme hardship must be judged on a case-by-case basis taking into account the totality of the petitioner's circumstances.

The petitioner filed the Petition for Alien Fiancé(e) (Form I-129F) with the Service on July 15, 2002. Therefore, the petitioner and the beneficiary were required to have met during the period that began on July 15, 2000 and ended on July 15, 2002.

In response to Question #19 on the Form I-129F, the petitioner indicated that he and the beneficiary had never personally met prior to the filing date of the petition. In response to the director's request for additional information, the petitioner stated that he had not traveled to Vietnam to meet the beneficiary prior to the filing date of the petition due to a messy divorce,

financial difficulties, and having to be present at his job during the spring and summer months.

On appeal, the petitioner submitted a letter asserting that he would have lost his job, and been unable to provide his children health care or pay for their support, if he had traveled to Vietnam prior to filing the petition on the beneficiary's behalf. He further asserted that he traveled to Vietnam from November 25, 2002 to December 14, 2002 in order to meet the beneficiary and that while in Vietnam, he and the beneficiary were formally engaged.

Service records reflect that the petitioner subsequently filed a second petition on the beneficiary's behalf. That petition was approved by the Bureau on April 25, 2003 (receipt number LIN 03 114 53437). Therefore, the instant appeal of the director's previous denial will be considered moot and all action on it will be terminated.

**ORDER:** The appeal is considered moot and all action on it is terminated.