

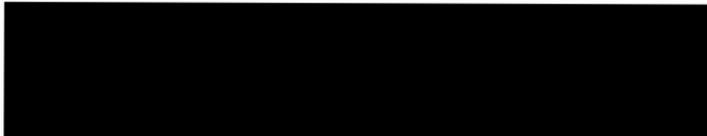
**Identifying data needed to  
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**U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services**

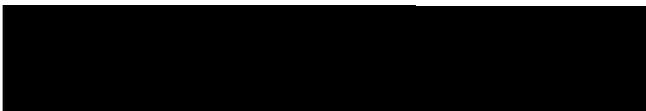
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FILE: EAC 04 026 54131 Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER Date: JUL 10 2006

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:



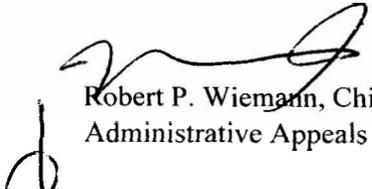
PETITION: Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(L) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(L)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

  
Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Director, Vermont Service Center, denied the petition for a nonimmigrant visa. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The petitioner is a New York corporation that claims to be engaged in jewelry trading. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as chief executive officer of its new office in the United States pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(L) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(L). The director denied the petition concluding that the petitioner had not established: (1) that the beneficiary was employed in a primarily managerial or executive capacity with the foreign entity; or (2) that the beneficiary would be employed by the petitioner in a primarily managerial or executive capacity within one year of approval.

The petitioner subsequently filed an appeal on July 26, 2004. The director declined to treat the appeal as a motion and forwarded the appeal to the AAO for review. On the Form I-290B Notice of Appeal, counsel for the petitioner indicated that she would send a brief and/or evidence to the AAO within 30 days. Counsel did not state the reason for the appeal on the Form I-290B. As no additional evidence has been incorporated into the record, the AAO contacted counsel by facsimile on April 28, 2006 to request that counsel acknowledge whether the brief and/or evidence were timely submitted, and, if applicable, to afford counsel an opportunity to re-submit the documents. To date, no response has been received. Accordingly, the record is now complete.

To establish eligibility under section 101(a)(15)(L) of the Act, the petitioner must meet certain criteria. Specifically, within three years preceding the beneficiary's application for admission into the United States, a firm, corporation, or other legal entity, or an affiliate or subsidiary thereof, must have employed the beneficiary for one continuous year. Furthermore, the beneficiary must seek to enter the United States temporarily to continue rendering his or her services to the same employer or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof in a managerial, executive, or specialized knowledge capacity.

Regulations at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) state, in pertinent part:

An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal.

Upon review, the AAO concurs with the director's decision and affirms the denial of the petition.

In visa petition proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. Inasmuch as the petitioner has failed to identify specifically an erroneous conclusion of law or a statement of fact in support of the appeal, the petitioner has not sustained that burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is summarily dismissed.

