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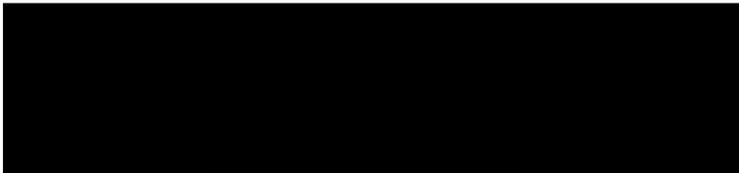
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Rm. 3000  
Washington, DC 20529



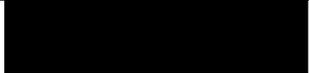
U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

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FILE:

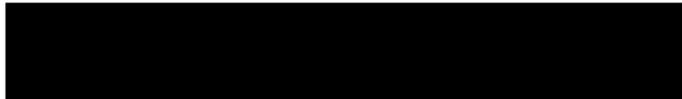


Office: YAKIMA, WA

Date: NOV 30 2007

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Certificate of Citizenship.

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Field Office Director, Yakima, Washington, denied the application. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be rejected as untimely filed.

In order to properly file an appeal, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(i) provides that the affected party must file the complete appeal within 30 days of service of the unfavorable decision. If the decision was mailed, the appeal must be filed within 33 days. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(b). The date of filing is not the date of mailing, but the date of actual receipt. 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(a)(7)(i).

The field office director issued a denial decision on May 4, 2007. The field office director properly gave notice to the applicant that she had 33 days to file an appeal. The record indicates that the Notice of Appeal was sent to the AAO in error. The appeal was received by the AAO on June 11, 2007 - 38 days after the issuance of the applicant's denial decision. An appeal is not properly filed until the proper office, in this case the Yakima, Washington field office, receives it. The appeal was received by the Yakima field office on June 25, 2007 - 52 days after the field office director's decision was issued. Accordingly, the appeal was untimely filed.

Neither the Immigration and Nationality Act nor the pertinent regulations grant the AAO authority to extend the 33-day time limit for filing an appeal. The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(B)(2) states that, if an untimely appeal meets the requirements of a motion to reopen or a motion to reconsider, the appeal must be treated as a motion, and a decision must be made on the merits of the case.

A motion to reopen must state the new facts to be proved in the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(2). A motion to reconsider must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions to establish that the decision was based on an incorrect application of law or Service policy. A motion to reconsider a decision on an application or petition must, when filed, also establish that the decision was incorrect based on the evidence of record at the time of the initial decision. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(3). A motion that does not meet applicable requirements shall be dismissed. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(4).

Here, the untimely appeal contained no specific assertions, and it was not supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. The untimely appeal also provided no evidence or reasons for reconsideration of the decision. The untimely appeal thus does not meet requirements for consideration as a motion to reopen or a motion to reconsider. Accordingly, there is no requirement to treat the appeal as a motion under 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(B)(2).

As the appeal was untimely filed, the appeal must be rejected.

**ORDER:** The appeal is rejected.