

U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services

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**PUBLIC COPY**

ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE  
425 Eye Street N.W.  
BCIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F  
Washington, D.C. 20536

**JUL 21 2003**

FILE: [REDACTED] Office: Baltimore Date:

IN RE: Obligor: [REDACTED]  
Bonded Alien: [REDACTED]

IMMIGRATION BOND: Bond Conditioned for the Delivery of an Alien under Section  
103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1103

ON BEHALF OF OBLIGOR:

[REDACTED]

**Identifying data deleted to  
prevent clearly unwarranted  
invasion of personal privacy**

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigrations Services (Bureau) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.

*Robert P. Wiemann*

Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The delivery bond in this matter was declared breached by the District Director, Baltimore, Maryland, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The record indicates that on December 6, 2001, the obligor posted a \$7,500 bond conditioned for the delivery of the above referenced alien. A Notice to Deliver Alien (Form I-340) dated July 31, 2002, was sent to the obligor via certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice demanded the bonded alien's surrender into the custody of an officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), now the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (BICE), at 10:00 a.m. on August 12, 2002, at Fallon Federal Building, 31 Hopkins Plaza, 6th Floor, Room 630, Baltimore, MD 21201. The obligor failed to present the alien, and the alien failed to appear as required. On August 20, 2002, the district director informed the obligor that the delivery bond had been breached.

On appeal, counsel asserts that the alien was granted voluntary departure on May 15, 2002. Counsel indicates that the obligor does not know whether the immigration judge set a voluntary departure bond, whether the alien posted such a bond or whether the alien has departed the United States. Counsel states that one of these events constitutes sufficient grounds for sustaining the appeal and canceling the bond.

The record reflects that a removal hearing was held on May 15, 2002, and the alien was granted voluntary departure from the United States on or before September 12, 2002, with an alternate order of removal to take effect in the event that the alien failed to depart as required. The court did not order the alien to post a voluntary departure bond. The alien was ordered to provide the BICE, within 60 days, travel documentation sufficient to assure lawful entry into the country to which the alien was departing. The right of appeal was waived.

Voluntary departure may be granted by the BICE or by the immigration court under prescribed conditions set forth in the statute at section 240B of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1229c, and by regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 240.25 and 8 C.F.R. § 240.26. Under the provisions of section 240B of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1229c and 8 C.F.R. 240.26(d), when an immigration court grants a request for voluntary departure, the immigration judge also enters an alternate order of removal to take effect in the event the alien fails to depart as required. The BICE, not the immigration court, is statutorily responsible for removing the alien whose order of voluntary departure becomes a final removal order. Section 241 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1231. Removal proceedings are not over until the BICE has discharged this statutory responsibility. The statute does not extinguish the delivery bond on an alien who remains free to choose whether to voluntarily depart the United States, or to remain in the United States in violation of the order.

The delivery bond will not be canceled until it is replaced by

another type of bond to ensure the alien's departure, such as a voluntary departure bond, or under the terms of the bond, until proceedings have terminated or the alien is accepted for removal. As the bonded alien is still in the United States, removal proceedings are not over, and the delivery bond remains in effect.

It is noted that the present record contains evidence that a properly completed questionnaire with the alien's photograph attached was forwarded to the obligor with the notice to surrender pursuant to the Amwest/Reno Settlement Agreement, entered into on June 22, 1995 by the former INS and Far West Surety Insurance Company.

Delivery bonds are violated if the obligor fails to cause the bonded alien to be produced or to produce himself/herself to an immigration officer or immigration judge upon each and every written request until removal proceedings are finally terminated, or until the alien is actually accepted by the BICE for detention or removal. *Matter of Smith*, 16 I&N Dec. 146 (Reg. Comm. 1977).

The regulations provide that an obligor shall be released from liability where there has been "substantial performance" of all conditions imposed by the terms of the bond. 8 C.F.R. § 103.6(c)(3). A bond is breached when there has been a substantial violation of the stipulated conditions of the bond. 8 C.F.R. § 103.6(e).

8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(a)(2) provides that personal service may be effected by any of the following:

- (i) Delivery of a copy personally;
- (ii) Delivery of a copy at a person's dwelling house or usual place of abode by leaving it with some person of suitable age and discretion;
- (iii) Delivery of a copy at the office of an attorney or other person including a corporation, by leaving it with a person in charge;
- (iv) Mailing a copy by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, addressed to a person at his last known address.

The evidence of record indicates that the Notice to Deliver Alien was sent to the obligor at P.O. Box 3153, Harrisburg, PA 17105 on July 31, 2002 via certified mail. This notice demanded that the obligor produce the bonded alien on August 12, 2002. The domestic return receipt indicates the obligor received notice to produce the bonded alien on August 2, 2002. Consequently, the record clearly establishes that the notice was properly served on the obligor in compliance with 8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(a)(2)(iv).

It is clear from the language used in the bond agreement that the obligor shall cause the alien to be produced or the alien shall

produce himself to a BICE officer upon each and every request of such officer until removal proceedings are either finally terminated or the alien is accepted by the BICE for detention or removal.

It must be noted that delivery bonds are exacted to insure that aliens will be produced when and where required by the BICE for hearings or removal. Such bonds are necessary in order for the BICE to function in an orderly manner. The courts have long considered the confusion which would result if aliens could be surrendered at any time or place it suited their or the surety's convenience. *Matter of L-*, 3 I&N Dec. 862 (C.O. 1950).

After a careful review of the record, it is concluded that the conditions of the bond have been substantially violated, and the collateral has been forfeited. The decision of the district director will not be disturbed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.