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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
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Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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CA

JAN 12 2005

FILE: [Redacted] Office: NEW ORLEANS (MEM) Date:

IN RE: Obligor: [Redacted]
Bonded Alien [Redacted]

IMMIGRATION BOND: Bond Conditioned for the Delivery of an Alien under Section 103 of the
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1103

ON BEHALF OF OBLIGOR:
[Redacted]

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Mari Johnson

Robert P. Wichmann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The delivery bond in this matter was declared breached by the Field Office Director, Detention and Removal, New Orleans, Louisiana. A subsequent appeal was dismissed by the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The matter is now before the AAO on a motion to reopen and reconsider. The motion will be granted. The order dismissing the appeal will be affirmed.

A motion to reopen must state the new facts to be provided in the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(2),

A motion to reconsider must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions to establish that the decision was based on an incorrect application of law or Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) policy. 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(3).

On motion, counsel argues that the breach is invalid because Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) failed to comply with the Amwest/Reno Settlement Agreement with respect to the questionnaire.

The Form I-352 provides that the obligor and co-obligor are jointly and severally liable for the obligations imposed by the bond contract. As such, ICE may pursue a breach of bond against one or both of the contracting parties. *See Restatement (Third) of Suretyship and Guaranty* § 50 (1996). Reference in this decision to the obligor is equally applicable to the co-obligor and vice versa.

As previously cited in the AAO's decision dated September 30, 2004, the record contains evidence that a properly completed questionnaire with the alien's photograph attached was forwarded to the obligor with the notice to surrender pursuant to the Amwest/Reno Settlement Agreement entered into on June 22, 1995 by the legacy Immigration and Naturalization Service and Far West Surety Insurance Company.

The obligor is bound by the terms of the bond contract to surrender the alien upon each and every written request until removal proceedings are finally terminated, or until the alien is actually accepted for detention or removal.

Under the provisions of the Immigration Bond Form I-352, the obligor agrees to produce the alien upon demand until: (1) exclusion/deportation/removal proceedings are finally terminated; (2) the alien is accepted by ICE for detention or deportation/removal; or (3) the bond is canceled for some other reason. The obligor is relieved of its contractual responsibility to deliver the alien only if one of these enumerated circumstances has occurred. As the obligor has not shown any of the above occurrences, the bond breach resulting from the obligor's failure to produce the alien on February 17, 2004 is valid.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(4) states, "[a] motion that does not meet applicable requirements shall be dismissed." As counsel failed to cite any precedent decisions or new facts in support of its motion to reconsider, the motion will be dismissed. The previous decisions of the director and the AAO will not be disturbed.

ORDER: The order of September 30, 2004, dismissing the appeal is affirmed.