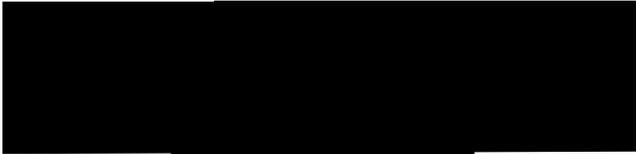




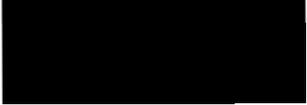
U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

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prevent clearly unwarranted  
invasion of personal privacy  
PUBLIC COPY**

H14



FILE:



Office: DALLAS, TEXAS

Date: JUN 14 2006

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after Deportation or Removal under section 212(a)(9)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Application for Permission to Reapply for Admission into the United States after Deportation or Removal (Form I-212) was denied by the District Director, Dallas, Texas, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Mexico who was admitted to the United States as a Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) on December 7, 1993. On February 19, 1999, in the United States District Court, Western District of Texas, El Paso Division, the applicant was convicted of the offense of importation of a quantity of marijuana in violation of Title 21 U.S.C. § 952 and 960. The applicant was sentenced to 12 months and one day imprisonment. On March 1, 1999, a Notice to Appear (NTA) for a removal hearing before an immigration judge was issued. On April 29, 1999, an immigration judge found the applicant removable pursuant to section 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(2)(A)(i)(II), for having been convicted of a violation of any law or regulation relating to a controlled substance, and section 212(a)(2)(C), 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(2)(C) for having reasonable grounds to believe that he was involved in the illicit trafficking of a controlled substance. Consequently, on July 2, 1999, the applicant was removed from the United States. The applicant is inadmissible pursuant to section 212(a)(9)(A)(ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1182(a)(9)(A)(ii). He seeks permission to reapply for admission into the United States under section 212(a)(9)(A)(iii) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(9)(A)(iii) in order to travel to and reside in the United States.

The District Director determined that the applicant is not eligible for any exception or waiver under the Act and denied the Form I-212 accordingly. *See District Director's Decision* dated November 24, 2004.

The applicant submits a Notice of Appeal to the AAO, (Form I-290B) completed in the Spanish language with no English translation, as required pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 103.2(b)(3).

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1) states in pertinent part:

(v) Summary dismissal. An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal....

As noted above, the applicant did not submit an English translation of his statement on the Form I-290B and, therefore, he has failed to identify any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal. Consequently, the appeal will be summarily dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is summarily dismissed.