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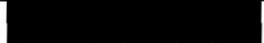
U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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FILE:



Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER

Date: OCT 04 2006

XTO 88 018 2010

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Status as a Temporary Resident pursuant to Section 245A of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, 8 U.S.C. § 1255a

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. The file has been returned to the office that originally decided your case. If your appeal was sustained, or if your case was remanded for further action, you will be contacted. If your appeal was dismissed, you no longer have a case pending before this office, and you are not entitled to file a motion to reopen or reconsider your case.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "R. P. Wiemann".

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The termination of temporary resident status by the Director, California Service Center, is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The director terminated the applicant's temporary resident status because the applicant failed to file the Form I-698, Application for Adjustment of Status from Temporary to Permanent Resident, within the 43-month application period.

On appeal, the applicant asserts that the Immigration and Naturalization Service or the Service (now Citizenship and Immigration Services or CIS) never provided her with notice that she was required to apply for adjustment from temporary to permanent residence prior to the expiration of the 43-month application period. The applicant contends that she should be allowed to remain in this country to care for her seriously ill son who is a United States citizen. The applicant submits documentation in support of her appeal.

The status of an alien lawfully admitted for temporary residence under section 245A(a)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act) may be terminated at any time if the alien fails to file for adjustment of status from temporary to permanent resident on Form I-698 within 43 months of the date he/she was granted status as a temporary resident. 8 C.F.R. § 245a.2(u)(1)(iv).

The applicant was granted temporary resident status on March 30, 1988. The 43-month eligibility period for filing for adjustment expired on October 30, 1991. The applicant filed the Form I-698 adjustment application with the Service on February 20, 2003. The director therefore denied the untimely Form I-698 adjustment application on August 25, 2004, and subsequently terminated the applicant's temporary resident status.

The applicant asserts that the Service never provided her with notice that she was required to apply for adjustment from temporary to permanent residence prior to the expiration of the 43-month application period. However, the Service and private voluntary organizations widely publicized the procedures of the amnesty program, including the necessity of applying for permanent residence. If the applicant required assistance in pursuing his application, such assistance was widely available with inquiries to the Service, from private nonprofit Qualified Designated Entities, and from private legal assistance resources. Furthermore, the original eligibility period of 31 months was extended to 43 months to better enable applicants to file timely applications. The burden to duly file the Form I-698 adjustment application in a timely manner remains with the applicant. 8 C.F.R. § 245a.3(d).

The statements on appeal have been considered. Nevertheless, there is no waiver available, even for humanitarian reasons, of the requirements stated above. As the applicant has not overcome the grounds for termination of status, the appeal must be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.