



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

*[Handwritten signature]*

[Redacted]

FILE:

[Redacted]

Office: National Benefits Center

Date:

**JUN 7 2004**

IN RE: Applicant:

[Redacted]

APPLICATION:

Application for Status as a Permanent Resident pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), amended by LIFE Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

[Redacted]

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. The file has been returned to the National Benefits Center. If your appeal was sustained, or if the matter was remanded for further action, you will be contacted. If your appeal was dismissed, you no longer have a case pending before this office, and you are not entitled to file a motion to reopen or reconsider your case.

*[Handwritten signature of Robert P. Wiemann]*

Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The application for permanent resident status under the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act, filed on April 25, 2002, was denied by the Director, Missouri Service Center, on July 24, 2003. The applicant filed an appeal on August 19, 2003, which is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The appeal will be dismissed.

An applicant for permanent resident status under section 1104 of the LIFE Act must establish that before October 1, 2000, he or she filed a written claim with the Attorney General for class membership in one of the following legalization class-action lawsuits: *Catholic Social Services, Inc. v. Meese*, vacated sub nom. *Reno v. Catholic Social Services, Inc.*, 509 U.S. 43 (1993) ("CSS"), *League of United Latin American Citizens v. INS*, vacated sub nom. *Reno v. Catholic Social Services, Inc.*, 509 U.S. 43 (1993) ("LULAC"), or *Zambrano v. INS*, vacated sub nom. *Immigration and Naturalization Service v. Zambrano*, 509 U.S. 918 (1993) ("Zambrano"). See section 1104(b) of the LIFE Act and 8 C.F.R. § 245a.10.

The director concluded that the applicant had not established she had applied for class membership in any of the requisite legalization class-action lawsuits prior to October 1, 2000, as required under section 1104(b) of the LIFE Act. In addition, the director found the applicant to be inadmissible to the United States for permanent residence under section 212(a)(6)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

In the Notice of Appeal (Form I-290B), filed in August 2003, counsel asserted that he needed a complete copy of the applicant's A-file, stated that he would file a brief and supporting evidence 30 days after receiving the A-file, and submitted a Freedom of Information Request (Form G-639) on behalf of the applicant. However, counsel did not indicate on the appeal form the reason(s) for the applicant's appeal. As specified in 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(3)(iv), any appeal that fails to state the reason for appeal, or is patently frivolous, will be summarily dismissed. Nearly one year after filing her appeal the applicant still has not stated the reason(s) therefor. Nor has she provided any brief, additional evidence, or any correspondence whatsoever, for the AAO to consider. Thus, the appeal is completely without explanation or support and must be summarily dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.