

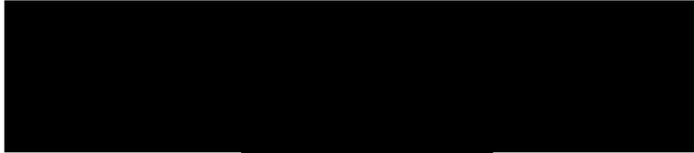
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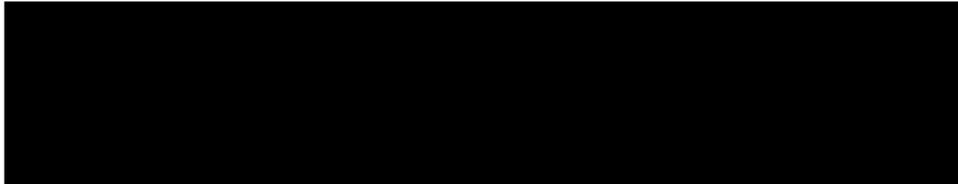
**AUG 06 2007**

IN RE: Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Status as a Permanent Resident pursuant to Section 1104 of the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act of 2000, Pub. L. 106-553, 114 Stat. 2762 (2000), amended by Life Act Amendments, Pub. L. 106-554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The application for permanent resident status under the Legal Immigration Family Equity (LIFE) Act was denied by the District Director, New York, New York, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The district director denied the application because the applicant had failed to establish that she satisfied the “basic citizenship skills” required under section 1104(c)(2)(E) of the LIFE Act.

On appeal, counsel requests that the applicant be given another opportunity to prove that she has a basic knowledge of the history and government of the United States.

Under section 1104(c)(2)(E)(i) of the LIFE Act (“Basic Citizenship Skills”), an applicant for permanent resident status must demonstrate that he or she:

- (I) meets the requirements of section 312(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1423(a)) (relating to minimal understanding of ordinary English and a knowledge and understanding of the history and government of the United States); or
- (II) is satisfactorily pursuing a course of study (recognized by the Attorney General) to achieve such an understanding of English and such a knowledge and understanding of the history and government of the United States.

Under section 1104(c)(2)(E)(ii) of the LIFE Act, the Attorney General may waive all or part of the above requirements for aliens who are at least 65 years of age or developmentally disabled. *See also* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(c).

An applicant may establish that he or she has met the requirements of section 312(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act) by demonstrating an understanding of the English language, including an ability to read, write, and speak words in ordinary usage in the English language and by demonstrating a knowledge and understanding of the fundamentals of the history and of the principles and form of government of the United States. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(a)(1) and 8 C.F.R. §§ 312.1 and 312.2.

An applicant may also establish that he or she has met the requirements of section 312(a) of the Act by providing a high school diploma or general educational development diploma (GED) from a school in the United States. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(a)(2).

Finally, an applicant may establish that he or she has met the requirements of section 312(a) of the Act by providing evidence that he or she has attended or is attending a state recognized, accredited learning institution in the United States, following a course of study which spans one academic year and that includes 40 hours of instruction in English and United States history and government. The applicant may provide documentation of such on the letterhead stationary of said institution prior to or during the LIFE interview. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(a)(3).

The applicant who fails to pass the English literacy and/or the United States history and government tests at the time of the initial LIFE interview shall be afforded a second opportunity after 6 months: to

pass the tests; to submit evidence of a high school diploma or GED from a school in the United States; or to submit evidence that he or she has attended or is attending a state-recognized, accredited learning institution in the United States, following a course of study which spans an academic year and that includes 40 hours of instruction in English and United States history and government. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(b).

On April 29, 2002, the applicant filed this Form I-485, Application to Register Permanent Resident or Adjust Status, under section 1104 of the LIFE Act.

On May 6, 2004, the applicant was interviewed in connection with his LIFE Act application. She failed to demonstrate a minimal understanding of ordinary English during the examination portion of the interview.

On May 6, 2004, the district director issued the notice of intent to deny (NOID) in which she indicated that the applicant had failed the basic citizenship skills examination at her May 6, 2004, LIFE interview. She notified the applicant that she would have a final re-examination on November 5, 2004. She indicated that if she failed that examination or if she failed to appear for the second interview, her LIFE Act application would be denied.

On November 5, 2004, the applicant again failed to demonstrate a minimal understanding of ordinary English at the second LIFE interview.

On March 21, 2006, the district director denied the application based on the reasons set out in the NOID.

On appeal, counsel requests that the applicant be given another opportunity to prove that she has a basic knowledge of the history and government of the United States.

The record verifies that the applicant did not pass the basic citizenship skills examination on May 6, 2004, and on November 5, 2004.

The regulations state that to fulfill the LIFE Act requirements relating to basic citizenship skills an applicant may provide his or her high school diploma or GED from a school in the United States. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 245a.17(a)(2). The applicant has not provided a high school diploma or GED from a school in the United States.

The applicant was not 65 years old or older at the time of her LIFE interviews and is not developmentally disabled. Thus, she does not qualify for either of the exceptions listed in section 1104(c)(2)(E)(ii) of the LIFE Act.

The applicant has failed to demonstrate that she has met the basic citizenship skills requirement as described at 1104(c)(2)(E) of the LIFE Act. Thus, she is not eligible to adjust to permanent resident status under section 1104 of the LIFE Act.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.