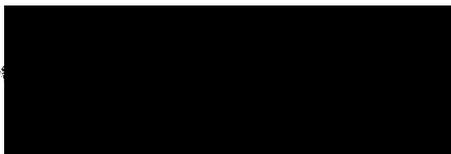




U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services



44

FILE: [REDACTED] Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date: OCT 04 2005

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Status as a Temporary Resident pursuant to Section 210 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, 8 U.S.C. § 1160

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. The file has been returned to the service center that processed your case. If your appeal was sustained, or if your case was remanded for further action, you will be contacted. If your appeal was dismissed, you no longer have a case pending before this office, and you are not entitled to file a motion to reopen or reconsider your case.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Robert P. Wiemann".

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: This matter is the termination of temporary resident status as a special agricultural worker by the Director, Western Service Center. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The director terminated the applicant's temporary resident status because of the applicant's criminal record.

On appeal, the applicant states that he does not believe his convictions for driving with a suspended license and driving under the influence are sufficient to disqualify him for benefits under the Act. The applicant submit the disposition of charges against him.

An alien who has been convicted of a felony or three or more misdemeanors in the United States is ineligible for temporary resident status. 8 C.F.R. § 210.3(d)(3).

"Felony" means a crime committed in the United States punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except when the offense is defined by the state as a misdemeanor, and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception, for purposes of 8 C.F.R. Part 245a, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 245a.1(p).

"Misdemeanor" means a crime committed in the United States, either (1) punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or (2) a crime treated as a misdemeanor under 8 C.F.R. § 245a.1(p). For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor. 8 C.F.R. § 245a.1(o).

An alien is inadmissible if he has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude (other than a purely political offense), or if he admits having committed such crime, or if he admits committing an act which constitutes the essential elements of such crime. Section 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(I) of the Act, formerly section 212(a)(9) of the Act.

The most commonly accepted definition of a crime involving moral turpitude is an act of baseness, vileness or depravity in the private and social duties which a man owes to his fellow men or to society in general, contrary to the accepted and customary rule of right and duty between man and man. *Jordan v. De George*, 341 U.S. 223, reh'g denied, 341 U.S. 956 (1951).

The record reveals that the applicant was convicted of violation of 23152(A) CVC driving under the influence, 12500(A) CVC no drivers license and 16028a CVC no vehicle registration, in Merced, California on October 11, 1985; and, of violation of 23152aWP CVC driving under the influence, in Merced, California on March 2, 1988

The applicant is ineligible for temporary resident status because of his four misdemeanor convictions. 8 C.F.R. § 210.3(d)(3). Within the legalization program, there is no waiver available to an alien convicted of a felony or three misdemeanors committed in the United States. Furthermore, there is no waiver available to an alien inadmissible under section 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(I), section 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(II), or section 212(a)(2)(C) of the Act

except for a single offense of simple possession of thirty grams or less of marijuana. See section 210(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Act.

An alien applying for adjustment of status has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she is admissible to the United States under the provisions of section 210(c) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1160, and is otherwise eligible for adjustment of status under this section. 8 C.F.R. § 210.3(b)(1). The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. This decision constitutes a final notice of ineligibility.