

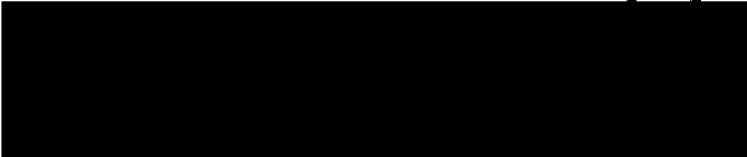
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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass, Rm. A3042, 425 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20536



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

M



FILE:



Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER

Date: JUN 7 2004

LIN 02 210 50324

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION:

Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Honduras who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director determined that the applicant failed to submit any evidence to establish that he was eligible for late initial registration. The director, therefore, denied the application.

On appeal, the applicant states that he entered the United States without being inspected, and he worked under the assumed name of Raul Soto. The applicant claims that his wife is a TPS recipient and indicates that he qualifies as the spouse of a TPS registrant.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an alien who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under § 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
 - (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
 - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of condition described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

The term *continuously resided* as used in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1 means residing in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations and since December 30, 1998. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous residence in the United States by reason of a brief, casual, and innocent absence as defined within this section or due merely to a brief temporary trip abroad required by emergency or extenuating circumstances outside the control of the alien.

The term *continuously physically present* as used in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1 means actual physical presence in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations and since January 5, 1999. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous physical presence in the United States by virtue of brief, casual, and innocent absences as defined within this section.

The record reflects that the applicant filed his TPS application on June 4, 2002. The applicant was requested on November 26, 2002, to submit evidence to establish that he was eligible for filing after the initial registration period. Because evidence furnished was insufficient to establish eligibility, the director denied the application.

Aliens applying under the provisions for late initial registration must provide evidence to prove that they are eligible because during the initial registration period of January 5, 1999 through August 20, 1999, they fell within the provisions described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2) (listed above).

The applicant, on appeal, asserts that he is a married person with three children, and although he and his wife were separated, they have now reconciled. He submits a copy of the employment authorization card of [REDACTED] and birth certificates of his three children.

The record reflects that the director, in his requests for evidence dated September 27, 2002 and November 26, 2002, listed the criteria required to establish eligibility for filing after the initial registration period from January 5, 1999 to August 20, 1999. One of the criteria listed by the director is for the applicant to provide his marriage certificate.

The applicant, in this case, has not provided evidence that he is married to [REDACTED] or that he was applying as the spouse of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS recipient. In fact, the applicant specifically indicated on his application that he was single.

The applicant has failed to establish that he has met any of the criteria for late registration described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application will be affirmed.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden. The appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.