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Citizenship and Immigration Services

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ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE
CIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F
425 I Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20536

MI



FILE:

Office: Vermont Service Center

Date: MAR 30 2004

IN RE: Applicant:

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. *Id.*

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.

Robert P. Wiemann for
Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director determined that the applicant is ineligible for TPS because he had been convicted of a felony committed in the United States. The director, therefore, denied the application.

On appeal, counsel asserts that the director erred in his determination that the applicant was convicted of a felony. He contends that the applicant, in fact was convicted of an "aggravated unlicensed operation of a vehicle...which is an unclassified misdemeanor." Counsel submits additional evidence.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an alien who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or

(2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:

(i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;

(ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;

(iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or

(iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

Pursuant to section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a), an alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status if the Attorney General [now the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (the Secretary)] finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States.

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines "felony" and "misdemeanor:"

Felony means a crime committed in the United States punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except when the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor, and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor means a crime committed in the United States, either:

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a felony or misdemeanor.

The record reflects the following:

1. On March 21, 1989, in the City Court of Yonkers, Criminal Division, New York, Docket No. 89-1415, the applicant was charged with assault (PL 120.05). On June 15, 1989, the case was dismissed and the file was sealed.

2. On November 18, 1998, in Yonkers, New York, the applicant was arrested for Count 1, operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated (VTL 1182.3-03); and Count 2, operating a motor vehicle with .10 of 1% alcohol (VTL 1192.2-02), under Docket No. 98-5481. The case was transferred or covered by Docket No. 99-0965. The applicant was subsequently charged in the City Court of Yonkers, Criminal Division, Yonkers, New York, with Count 1, operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated (VTL 1182.3-03), a misdemeanor; Count 2, operating a motor vehicle with .10 of 1% alcohol (VTL 1192.2-02), a misdemeanor; and Count 3, aggravated unlicensed operator of a motor vehicle (VTL 511), a misdemeanor. On April 6, 1999, the applicant entered a plea of guilty as to Count 1, and he was placed on probation for a period of 3 years and ordered to pay a fine of \$500. The record is not clear as to the final dispositions of Counts 2 and 3.

3. On April 6, 1999, in the City Court of Yonkers, Criminal Division, New York, Docket No. 99-0964, the applicant's charge or indictment for aggravated unlicensed operation of a vehicle under VTL 511.3-03, a felony, was reduced to aggravated unlicensed operation of a vehicle under VTL 511.2-02, a misdemeanor. The applicant entered a plea of guilty to the reduced charge, was placed on probation for a period of 3 years, and was ordered to pay a fine of \$500.



Counsel is correct in his argument that the felony charge was reduced to a misdemeanor (paragraph 3 above). The applicant, however, is ineligible for TPS, pursuant to section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act, based on his multiple misdemeanor convictions (paragraphs 2 and 3 above). There is no waiver available to an alien convicted of a felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.