

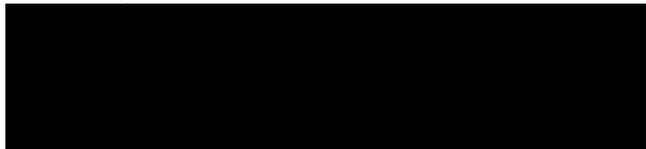
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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
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U.S. Citizenship
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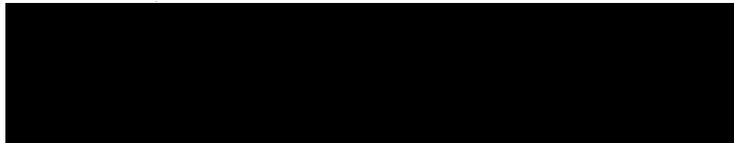
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FILE: [REDACTED]
[WAC 01 245 50593]

Office: California Service Center

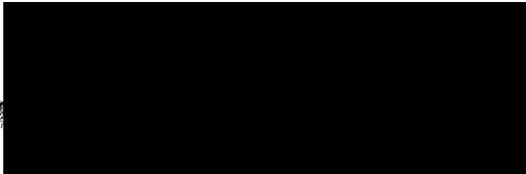
Date: **MAY 24 2005**

IN RE: Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Cindy N. Gomez

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The director denied the application because the applicant failed to establish that he is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General and eligible for the granting of Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The record reflects that the applicant is a citizen and national of Mexico. The applicant, through his attorney, stated on appeal that he is eligible for TPS because he is the spouse of a citizen of El Salvador who had received TPS. The applicant provides a copy of his marriage certificate and documentation regarding his wife's immigration status.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(a), provide that an applicant is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

Is a national of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;....

The applicant asserts on appeal that he is eligible for TPS because his wife has been granted such status. However, as a citizen and national of Mexico, the applicant is ineligible for the provisions of section 244 of the Act. A marriage alone, to a TPS registrant, does not render the applicant eligible for the benefit being sought; he must meet all other requirements. Therefore, the director's decision to deny the application for TPS will be affirmed.

An alien applying for TPS has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.