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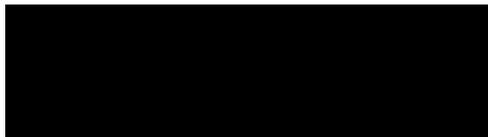
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass. Ave., N.W., Rm. A3042
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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FILE:



Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

Date:

NOV 29 2006

[EAC 02 066 50341]

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

for

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because the applicant had failed to submit requested court documentation relating to his criminal record.

On appeal, the applicant forwards further evidence to establish his continuous residence and continuous physical presence in the United States.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national of a state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
 - (1) Registers for Temporary Protected Status during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary

departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;

(iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or

(iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors committed in the United States. See Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines "felony" and "misdemeanor:"

Felony means a crime committed in the United States, punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except: When the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

Misdemeanor means a crime committed in the United States, either

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor.

The applicant's Federal Bureau of Investigation fingerprint results report shows that he was arrested on December 3, 2000 by the Falls Church, Virginia Police Department under Agency Case- [REDACTED] for the traffic offense of driving under the influence of alcohol.

The record reveals the following disposition for the applicant's December 3, 2003 arrest:

On March 14, 2001, in the Traffic Court, Falls Church, Virginia, Case No. [REDACTED] (arrest date December 3, 2000), the applicant was convicted of driving under the influence, Virginia Code 18.2-266/20-2, a Class 1 misdemeanor. He was sentenced to serve 60 days in prison (60 days suspended) and ordered to pay \$1,500 ((\$1,200 suspended) and \$160 in court costs.

The record also contains a Notice of Requirements/Order of Suspension to the applicant dated April 2, 2003 from the Deputy Director of the Driver Monitoring Division of the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles. The notice states that his privilege to operate motor vehicles in Virginia would be suspended on May 2, 2003 because he was convicted of the offense of driving while intoxicated (2nd offence) on March 10, 2003 in Alexandria, Virginia.

The applicant has not complied with the Service's request for a certified copy of the final court disposition of his arrest on May 2, 2003. The applicant is ineligible for temporary protected status because of his failure to provide information necessary for the adjudication of his application. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). Accordingly, the director's decision to deny the application will be affirmed.

While the Department of Motor Vehicles notice in the record indicates that the applicant was convicted of driving while intoxicated a second time, the applicant has not submitted the final court disposition for this second charge, even though the director requested him to do so. The applicant has been convicted of at least one misdemeanor. As stated above, the application is being denied for failure to provide the requested court documents.

The application will be denied for the above stated reasons, with each considered as an independent and alternative basis for denial. An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.