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**U.S. Citizenship  
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FILE: [REDACTED] OFFICE: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER DATE: **SEP 23 2005**  
[EAC 03 256 53864]

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: Self-represented

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

  
for Robert P. Wiemann, Director  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The application was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because the applicant had failed to establish that he: (1) was eligible for late registration; (2) had continuously resided in the United States since February 13, 2001; (3) had been continuously physically present from March 9, 2001, to the date of filing his application; and (4) that he is a citizen or a national of El Salvador.

On appeal, the applicant requests consideration of his application because he needs an authorization to work in order to financially help his sister and his mother. He submits additional evidence. While the applicant indicates that a brief and/or evidence will be furnished within 30 days, to date no additional statement or evidence has been provided. Therefore, the record shall be considered complete.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an alien who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under § 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
  - (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or
  - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
    - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
    - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;

- (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
  - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.
- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of condition described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

The term *continuously resided*, as defined in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1, means residing in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous residence in the United States by reason of a brief, casual, and innocent absence as defined within this section or due merely to a brief temporary trip abroad required by emergency or extenuating circumstances outside the control of the alien.

The term *continuously physically present*, as defined in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1, means actual physical presence in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous physical presence in the United States by virtue of brief, casual, and innocent absences as defined within this section.

Persons applying for TPS offered to El Salvadorans must demonstrate that they have continuously resided in the United States since February 13, 2001, and that they have been continuously physically present in the United States since March 9, 2001. On July 9, 2002, the Attorney General announced an extension of the TPS designation until September 9, 2003. A subsequent extension of the TPS designation has been granted by the Department of Homeland Security, with validity until September 9, 2006, upon the applicant's re-registration during the requisite time period.

The initial registration period for El Salvadorans was from March 9, 2001, through September 9, 2002. The record shows that the applicant filed his initial application on September 11, 2003.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he or she meets the above requirements. Applicants shall submit all documentation as required in the instructions or requested by Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS). 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). The sufficiency of all evidence will be judged according to its relevancy, consistency, credibility, and probative value. To meet his or her burden of proof the applicant must provide supporting documentary evidence of eligibility apart from his or her own statements. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(b).

The first issue in this proceeding is whether the applicant is eligible for late registration.

The record of proceeding confirms that the applicant filed his application after the initial registration period had closed. To qualify for late registration, the applicant must provide evidence that during the initial registration period from March 9, 2001 through September 9, 2002, he fell within the provisions described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2) (listed above).

On October 21, 2003, the applicant was requested to submit evidence establishing his eligibility for late registration as set forth in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2). The director determined that the applicant had failed to respond to her request for additional evidence and denied the application on February 26, 2004.

On appeal, the applicant neither addressed nor submitted any evidence to establish that he has met any of the criteria for late registration described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2). Consequently, the director's conclusion that the applicant had failed to establish his eligibility for late registration will be affirmed.

The second issue in this proceeding is whether the applicant has established that he is a citizen or a national of El Salvador.

The applicant was requested on October 21, 2003, to provide documentation to establish his citizenship or nationality. The director determined that the applicant had failed to respond to his request and denied the application on February 26, 2004.

On appeal, the applicant submitted a copy of the biographical page of an El Salvadoran passport issued to the applicant at Long Island, New York, on October 27, 2003, and a copy of his El Salvadoran birth certificate.

The applicant has, therefore, overcome this ground for denial.

The third issue in this proceeding is whether the applicant has established his continuous residence in the United States since February 13, 2001, and continuous physical presence from March 9, 2001, to the date of filing the TPS application.

As stated above, the applicant was requested on October 21, 2003, to submit evidence establishing his qualifying continuous residence and continuous physical presence in the United States. The director determined that the applicant had failed to respond to her request for additional evidence and denied the application on February 26, 2004.

On appeal, the applicant submits the following documentation:

1. A copy of an affidavit from [REDACTED] stating that he has known the applicant since September 30, 1999, that the applicant lives at [REDACTED] New York, and that he is a hard working young man.
2. A copy of an affidavit from [REDACTED] stating that the applicant is her minor brother to whom she has been providing for his basic needs since September 1999.

Mr. [REDACTED] (No. 1 above) did not indicate how he became acquainted with the applicant and their relationship, and the date(s) the applicant had resided [REDACTED]. Further, although M [REDACTED] (No. 2 above) indicates that she has been providing for the applicant since September 1999, she failed to indicate whether the applicant is residing in the United States since such date, and the applicant's address in the United States.

Regulations at 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a)(2) do not expressly provide that personal affidavits on an applicant's behalf are sufficient to establish the applicant's qualifying continuous residence or continuous physical presence in the United States. Moreover, these affidavits, provided by the applicant to establish his qualifying residence and physical presence in the United States, were not supported by any other corroborative evidence. The applicant claimed to have lived in the United States since September 1999. It is reasonable to expect that the applicant would have some other type of contemporaneous evidence to support his claim; however, no such evidence has been provided.

The applicant has submitted insufficient evidence to establish his qualifying continuous residence since February 13, 2001, and continuous physical presence since March 9, 2001, as described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(b) and (c). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for TPS on these grounds will also be affirmed.

The application will be denied for the above stated reasons, with each considered as an independent and alternative basis for denial. An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.