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U.S. Citizenship  
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FILE:

[REDACTED]

OFFICE: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER

DATE OCT 03 2006

[WAC 01 172 53256]

IN RE:

Applicant:

[REDACTED]

APPLICATION:

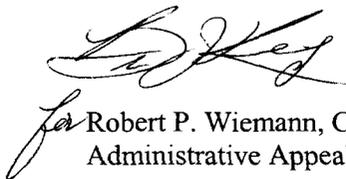
Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

  
Robert P. Wiemann, Chief  
Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of El Salvador who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application because the applicant had failed to submit all requested court documentation relating to his criminal records.

On appeal, the applicant submits additional evidence.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national of a state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f)
  - (1) Registers for Temporary Protected Status during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or
  - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
    - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
    - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
    - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
    - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.

An alien shall not be eligible for temporary protected status under this section if the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security finds that the alien has been convicted of any felony or two or more

misdemeanors committed in the United States. See Section 244(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act and 8 C.F.R. § 244.4(a).

8 C.F.R. § 244.1 defines “felony” and “misdemeanor:”

*Felony* means a crime committed in the United States, punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, except: When the offense is defined by the State as a misdemeanor and the sentence actually imposed is one year or less regardless of the term such alien actually served. Under this exception for purposes of section 244 of the Act, the crime shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

*Misdemeanor* means a crime committed in the United States, either

- (1) Punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less, regardless of the term such alien actually served, if any, or
- (2) A crime treated as a misdemeanor under the term "felony" of this section.

For purposes of this definition, any crime punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of five days or less shall not be considered a misdemeanor.

The record reveals the following offenses:

- (1) On July 2, 1990, in the Municipal Court of L.A., Metro Branch Judicial District, County of Los Angeles, California, Case No. [REDACTED] the applicant was indicted for Count 1, driving under the influence of alcohol/drug, 23152(a) VC, a misdemeanor; Count 2, driving with .08 percent blood alcohol level or more, 23152(b) VC, a misdemeanor; and Count 3, unlicensed driver, 12500(a) VC, a misdemeanor. The applicant failed to appear for arraignment and plea; therefore, a bench warrant was issued on July 9, 1990. The bench warrant was recalled on February 7, 2001, and the applicant was remanded into custody. Upon arraignment held on February 28, 2001, the court ordered the complaint amended by interlineations to add the misdemeanor violation of 23103 VC, reckless driving/no injury, as to Count 4. The applicant was subsequently convicted of Count 4. He was placed on probation for a period of 36 months, ordered to pay \$891 in fines and costs, and to enroll in a licensed alcohol and drug education program. Counts 1, 2, and 3 were dismissed.
- (2) The Federal Bureau of Investigation fingerprint results report indicates that on February 5, 2001, in Los Angeles, California, the applicant was arrested for Count 1, battery on a spouse/ex-spouse/date/etc; and Count 2, driving under the influence of alcohol/drugs. The applicant failed to submit the final court disposition of this arrest although the applicant was requested on February 2, 2004, to submit the court disposition of this arrest and of all arrests. On appeal, the applicant submits a copy of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department "Inmate Historical Data Center" report indicating that the applicant was confined in the Los Angeles Police Department Jail on February 5, 2001, and he was subsequently released on bond on February 7, 2001. The applicant, however, failed to submit the final court disposition of this arrest as had been requested by the director on February 2, 2004.

The applicant has failed to provide the final court disposition of his arrest detailed in No. 2 above. The applicant is ineligible for temporary protected status because of his failure to provide information necessary for the adjudication of his application. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application will be affirmed.

Beyond the decision of the director, it is noted that although the record of proceeding contains an El Salvadoran birth certificate and English translation, the certificate was not accompanied by a photo identification to establish the applicant's nationality and identity as required by 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a)(1). Therefore, the application will also be denied for this reason.

The application will be denied for the above stated reasons, with each considered as an independent and alternative basis for denial. An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.