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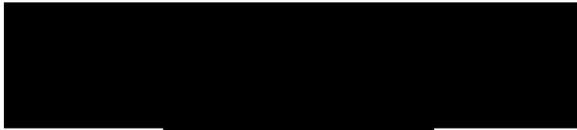


U.S. Citizenship
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Services

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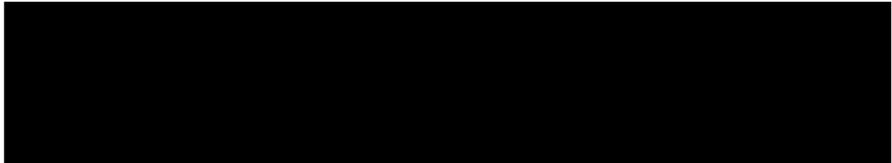
Office: Texas Service Center

Date:

[SRC 03 016 55231]

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT: Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.


Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Texas Service Center (TSC). A subsequent appeal was rejected by the Director, now Chief, of the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The matter is now before the AAO on a motion to reopen. The motion will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Honduras who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the application on January 17, 2004, because the applicant failed to establish he was eligible for late registration. A subsequent appeal from the TSC director's decision was rejected on May 9, 2005, because the appeal was filed after the prescribed time period.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or
- (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or

- (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.
- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of conditions described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

Persons applying for TPS offered to Hondurans must demonstrate that they have continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998, and that they have been continuously physically present since January 5, 1999. The initial registration period for Hondurans was from January 5, 1999, through August 20, 1999. The applicant filed his application in October 2002, more than three years after the initial registration period had ended.

To qualify for late registration, the applicant must provide evidence that during the initial registration period he or she fell within at least one of the provisions described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2) above.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he or she meets the above requirements. Applicants shall submit all documentation as required in the instructions or requested by CIS. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). The sufficiency of all evidence will be judged according to its relevancy, consistency, credibility, and probative value. To meet his or her burden of proof the applicant must provide supporting documentary evidence of eligibility apart from his or her own statements. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(b).

The director determined that the applicant had failed to establish he was eligible for late registration, and denied the application on January 17, 2004. On March 2, 2004, the applicant filed an appeal from the director's decision to deny his application; however, that appeal was not filed within the requisite time frame. The AAO, therefore, on May 9, 2005, rejected the appeal. The applicant filed the current motion to reopen that decision on May 27, 2005.

On motion, the applicant submits the following: copies of his Social Security Administration and Employment Authorization cards; copies of two Florida State identification cards; copies of the biographical pages of his Honduran passport; a copy of a certificate dated December 31, 1999; a copy of Florida Certification of Immunization for [REDACTED] copies of earnings statements dated May 13, 1994, and September 12, 1995; and copies of a Receipt Notice and Fingerprint Notification.

The applicant, however, did not provide any additional evidence along with his motion in support of his claim of eligibility for TPS late registration. The applicant has not submitted any evidence to establish that he has met any of the criteria for late registration described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2). Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for TPS will be affirmed.

Although not addressed by the director, the record of proceedings contains a Federal Bureau of Investigation report reflecting that the applicant was arrested on February 1, 1997, in Miami, Florida, for "Carrying Concealed

Weapon.” In any future proceeding before the CIS, the applicant must submit the final court disposition of this arrest and any other charges against him.

An alien applying for TPS has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The motion to reopen is dismissed.