



U.S. Citizenship
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Services

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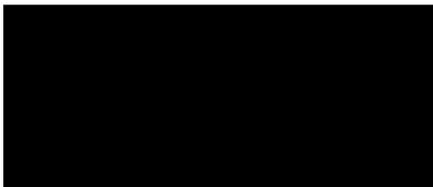
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FILE: [REDACTED] Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER Date: OCT 01 2007
[EAC 06 263 70452]

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration
and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the Vermont Service Center. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant claims to be a native and citizen of Honduras who is applying for Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director found that the applicant had not established that he had continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998 and that he had been continuously physically present in this country since January 5, 1999.

On appeal, counsel states "the Immigration Service erred and abused its discretion in denying the application for Temporary Protected Status for the applicant. [REDACTED] clearly established that he is eligible for Temporary Protected Status. Furthermore, [REDACTED] filed all the necessary documentation to establish his eligibility for Temporary Protected Status."

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under section 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the *Federal Register*, or
- (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;

- (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
- (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.
- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of conditions described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

Persons applying for TPS offered to Hondurans must demonstrate that they have continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998, and that they have been continuously physically present since January 5, 1999. The initial registration period for Hondurans was from January 5, 1999, through August 20, 1999

The applicant states on his application that he entered the United States on January 9, 2005. However, the record contains a Form I-213, Record of Deportable/Inadmissible Alien, dated February 3, 2005, indicating that the United States Border Patrol apprehended the applicant after he illegally entered the United States by wading across the Rio Grande River on February 3, 2005. Therefore, he cannot satisfy the continuous residence and continuous physical requirements described in 8 C.F.R. §§ 244.2(b) and (c) which require his continuous residence in the United States since December 30, 1998 and his continuous physical presence in this country since January 5, 1999. Consequently, the director's decision to deny the application for TPS is affirmed for these reasons.

Beyond the decision of the director, the applicant has provided no further evidence to establish that he is a national or citizen of Honduras. The record does not contain any photo identification such as a passport or national identity document to establish his nationality. 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(a) and § 244.9(a)(1). The application must also be denied for this additional reason.

The application will be denied for the above stated reasons, with each considered as an independent and alternative basis for denial. An alien applying for temporary protected status has the burden of proving that he or she meets the requirements cited above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.