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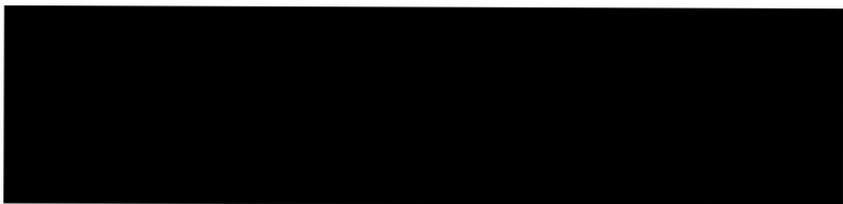
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass Ave. N.W., Rm. 3000
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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FILE: LIN 01 172 51517 Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER

Date: NOV 14 2006

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:



PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional Pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The employment-based immigrant visa petition was initially approved by the Director, Nebraska Service Center. On further review of the record, the director determined that the beneficiary was not eligible for the benefit sought. The director served the petitioner with notice of intent to revoke the approval of the preference visa petition. The director subsequently revoked approval of the petition. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be rejected.

The petitioner is a health care services firm. It sought to permanently employ the beneficiary in the United States as a licensed practical nurse.

The record indicates that the Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker (I-140) was initially approved on June 6, 2001. The director subsequently concluded that the I-140 was approved in error and notified the petitioner of his intent to revoke the petition on January 24, 2003. The petitioner's response failed to convince the director to revise his decision and the petition's approval was revoked on April 10, 2003, pursuant to section 205 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1155.¹

The petitioner filed an appeal. The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 205.2(d) provides that a petitioner “may appeal the decision to revoke the approval within 15 days after the service of notice of the revocation.” Three additional days are provided if the notification of revocation was mailed. If the last day of the designated period falls on a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, the period will run until the end of the next day, which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 1.1(h).

In this case, 18 days from the date of the director’s decision to revoke the petition’s approval fell on Monday, April 28, 2003. Therefore, the appeal was due Monday, April 28, 2003. The record shows that it was not received until May 5, 2003. Although the information contained on the cover page of the director’s revocation decision erroneously stated the appellate time as a 30-day period, it remains the petitioner’s burden to file a timely appeal. An untimely appeal shall be rejected as improperly filed. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(B)(1).

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(B)(2) states that, if an untimely appeal meets the requirements of a motion to reopen or a motion to reconsider, the appeal must be treated as a motion, and a decision must be made on the merits of the case. The official having jurisdiction over a motion is the official who made the last decision in the proceeding, in this case the service center director. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(ii). The director declined to treat the late appeal as a motion and forwarded the matter to the AAO.

Accordingly, the petitioner’s appeal is rejected as untimely filed.

ORDER: The petitioner’s appeal is rejected.

¹ Electronic records indicate that the alien is the beneficiary of another employment-based immigrant petition filed by the petitioner, which was approved on January 12, 2004 (LIN 03 232 50567).