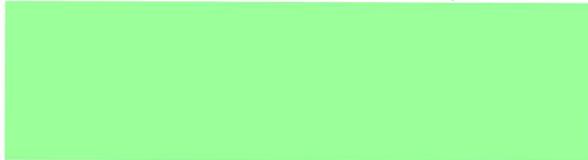


(b)(6)

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090

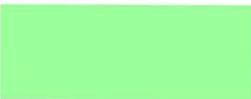


U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services



Date: **FEB 14 2013**

Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER

FILE: 

IN RE:

Petitioner: 

Beneficiary:

PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

Thank you,

Ron Rosenberg
Acting Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The preference visa petition was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center. The subsequent appeal was dismissed by the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The matter is now before the AAO on a motion to reopen. The motion will be granted, the previous decision of the AAO will be withdrawn, and the petition will be approved.

The petitioner describes itself as a medical services business. It seeks to permanently employ the beneficiary in the United States as a registered nurse. The petitioner requests classification of the beneficiary as a professional or skilled worker pursuant to section 203(b)(3)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)(A).¹ The director denied the petition because the petitioner failed to provide notice of the filing of an ETA Form 9089, Application for Permanent Employment Certification, in accordance with 20 C.F.R. § 656.10(d)(1).

The motion to reopen qualifies for consideration under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(2) because the petitioner is providing new facts with supporting documentation not previously submitted. The AAO conducts appellate review on a *de novo* basis. *See Soltane v. DOJ*, 381 F.3d 143, 145 (3d Cir. 2004). The AAO considers all pertinent evidence in the record, including new evidence properly submitted upon appeal.²

The petition is for a Schedule A occupation. A Schedule A occupation is an occupation codified at 20 § C.F.R. 656.5(a) for which the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) has determined that there are not sufficient U.S. workers who are able, willing, qualified and available and that the wages and working conditions of similarly employed U.S. workers will not be adversely affected by the employment of aliens in such occupations. The current list of Schedule A occupations includes professional nurses and physical therapists. *Id.*

Petitions for Schedule A occupations do not require the petitioner to test the labor market and obtain a certified ETA Form 9089 from the DOL prior to filing the petition with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). Instead, the petition is filed directly with USCIS with a duplicate uncertified ETA Form 9089. *See* 8 C.F.R. §§ 204.5(a)(2) and (1)(3)(i); *see also* 20 C.F.R. § 656.15.

If the Schedule A occupation is a professional nurse, the petitioner must establish that the beneficiary has a Certificate from the Commission on Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools (CGFNS); a permanent, full and unrestricted license to practice professional nursing in the state of

¹ Section 203(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)(A)(i), grants preference classification to qualified immigrants who are capable of performing skilled labor (requiring at least two years training or experience), not of a temporary nature, for which qualified workers are not available in the United States. Section 203(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)(A)(ii), grants preference classification to qualified immigrants who hold baccalaureate degrees and are members of the professions.

² The submission of additional evidence on appeal is allowed by the instructions to the Form I-290B, which are incorporated into the regulations by 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(a)(1). *See Matter of Soriano*, 19 I&N Dec. 764 (BIA 1988).

intended employment; or passed the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN). *See* 20 C.F.R. § 656.5(a)(2).

Petitions for Schedule A occupations must also contain evidence establishing that the employer provided its U.S. workers with notice of the filing of an ETA Form 9089 (Notice) as prescribed by 20 C.F.R. § 656.10(d), and a valid prevailing wage determination (PWD) obtained in accordance with 20 C.F.R. § 656.40 and 20 C.F.R. § 656.41. *See* 20 C.F.R. § 656.15(b)(2). For the Notice requirement, the employer must provide notice of the filing of an ETA Form 9089 to any bargaining representative for the occupation, or, if there is no bargaining representative, by posted notice to its employees at the location of the intended employment. *See* 20 C.F.R. § 656.10(d)(1).

Upon review of the record, the AAO concludes that the petitioner has established that it is more likely than not that the employer provided its U.S. workers with notice of the filing of the ETA Form 9089 in accordance with 20 C.F.R. § 656.10(d). Accordingly, the petition is approved under section 203(b)(3)(A)(i) or the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)(A)(i).

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has met that burden.

ORDER: The motion to reopen is granted and the decision of the AAO dated March 2, 2010 is withdrawn. The petition is approved.