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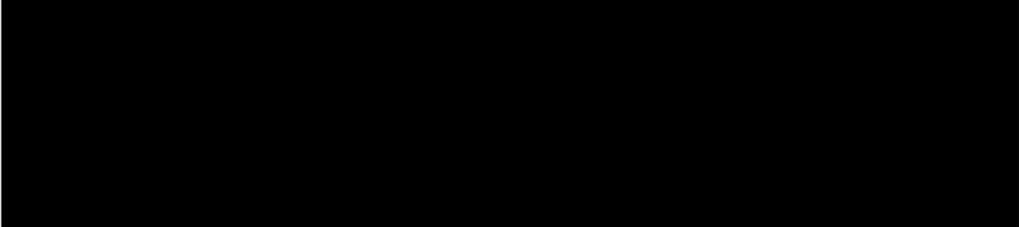
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass Ave., N.W., Rm. 3000
Washington, DC 20529



U.S. Citizenship
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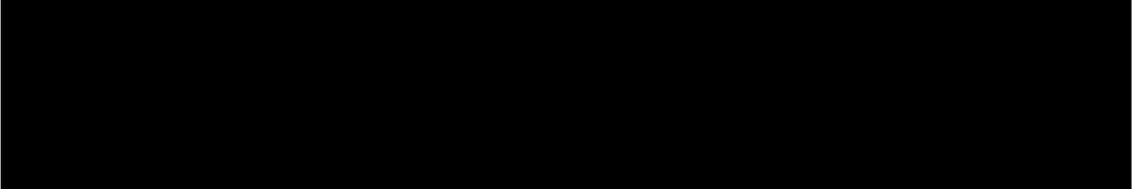
Petitioner:



PETITION:

Petition for Immigrant Abused Spouse Pursuant to Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.


Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Director, Vermont Service Center, denied the immigrant visa petition. On appeal, the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) remanded the petition for further action by the director. The matter is now before the AAO upon certification of the director's subsequent, adverse decision. The July 5, 2007 decision of the director will be affirmed and the petition will be denied.

Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act ("the Act") provides that an alien who is the spouse of a United States citizen may self-petition for immigrant classification if the alien demonstrates that he or she entered into the marriage with the United States citizen spouse in good faith and that during the marriage, the alien or a child of the alien was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's spouse. In addition, the alien must show that he or she is eligible to be classified as an immediate relative under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Act, resided with the abusive spouse, and is a person of good moral character. Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii)(II) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii)(II).

Section 204(a)(1)(J) of the Act further states, in pertinent part:

In acting on petitions filed under clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (A) . . . or in making determinations under subparagraphs (C) and (D), the [Secretary of Homeland Security] shall consider any credible evidence relevant to the petition. The determination of what evidence is credible and the weight to be given that evidence shall be within the sole discretion of the [Secretary of Homeland Security].

As the facts and procedural history have been adequately documented in the previous decision of the AAO, we will only repeat them here as necessary. The director initially denied the petition on September 14, 2005, finding that the petitioner failed to establish that he was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by his spouse during their marriage. On appeal, the AAO concurred with the director's determinations but remanded the case on December 8, 2006 because the director denied the petition without first issuing a Notice of Intent to Deny (NOID) pursuant to the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 204.2(c)(3)(ii).

Upon remand, the director issued a NOID on March 1, 2007, and afforded the petitioner the opportunity to establish his claim of abuse. The petitioner failed to respond to the director's NOID. Accordingly, the director denied the petition on July 5, 2007, based on the ground cited in the NOID. The director certified his decision to the AAO for review and notified the petitioner, through counsel, that he could submit a brief to the AAO within 30 days of service of the director's decision. On August 7, 2007, the petitioner, through counsel, submitted a new Form G-28, Notice of Entry of Appearance as Attorney or Representative, and a copy of the brief submitted on appeal. However, no new claims or arguments were submitted.

The relevant evidence submitted below was discussed in the previous decision of the AAO, which is incorporated here by reference. The petitioner has not submitted a new brief or further evidence since the issuance of that decision. Accordingly, the petitioner has not established that he was battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by his spouse during their marriage. Consequently, the petitioner is ineligible for immigrant classification under section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Act and his petition must be denied.

In visa petition proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. Here, that burden has not been met. Accordingly, the July 5, 2007 decision of the director is affirmed and the petition is denied.

ORDER: The petition is denied. The July 5, 2007 decision of the director is affirmed.