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U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)  
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090  
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

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DATE JUL 17 2012 OFFICE: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER FILE:

IN RE: Petitioner:  
Beneficiary:

PETITION: Petition for Alien Fiancé(e) Pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the AAO inappropriately applied the law in reaching its decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen in accordance with the instructions on Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$630. The specific requirements for filing such a motion can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file any motion directly with the AAO.** Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires any motion to be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

Perry Rhew  
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

The AAO conducts appellate review on a *de novo* basis. *See Soltane v. DOJ*, 381 F.3d 143, 145 (3d Cir. 2004). Upon review of the entire record, we find that the petitioner has failed to overcome the director's ground for denying this petition.

*Analysis*

On appeal the petitioner submits some, but not all, required initial evidence. The record still lacks the following: (1) evidence the petitioner and beneficiary met in person during the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of the petition or that they qualify for an exemption from that requirement; (2) original statements from the petitioner and beneficiary discussing their intent to marry within 90 days of the beneficiary's entry into the United States; (3) two Forms G-325A, Biographic Information: one executed by the petitioner, and one executed by the beneficiary; and (4) two passport-style color photographs: one of the petitioner, and one of the beneficiary. Absent all required initial evidence, the petition cannot be approved.

*Conclusion*

The petitioner has still failed to fully submit all required initial evidence on appeal. Accordingly, the beneficiary is ineligible for nonimmigrant classification under section 101(a)(15)(K)(i) of the Act and this petition must remain denied.

In these proceedings, the petitioner bears the burden of proof to establish the beneficiary's eligibility by a preponderance of the evidence. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361; *Matter of Chawathe*, 25 I&N Dec. 369, 375 (AAO 2010). The petitioner has not met his burden and the appeal will be dismissed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.