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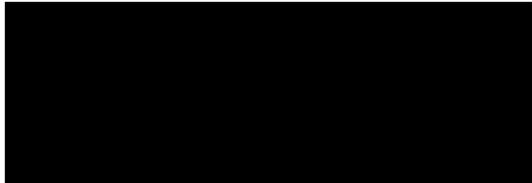
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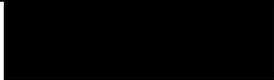
U.S. Citizenship
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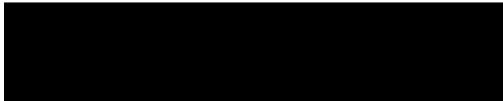
Office: California Service Center

Date: SEP 20 2007

[WAC 05 147 78249]
[EAC 07 122 50412 - motion]

IN RE:

Applicant:



APPLICATION:

Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, California Service Center (CSC). An appeal was dismissed by the Chief, Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). A motion to reopen was dismissed by the AAO. The matter is now before the AAO on a subsequent motion to reopen. The motion to reopen will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Honduras who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director denied the current application on July 23, 2005, because the applicant's initial TPS application had been denied and the applicant was not eligible to apply for re-registration for TPS.

An appeal from the director's decision was dismissed on March 29, 2006, after the AAO concluded that the applicant was not eligible to re-register for TPS. The AAO also determined that the applicant failed to show that the current application should be accepted as a late initial registration.

On April 24, 2006, the applicant submitted a motion to reopen which was dismissed by the AAO on March 2, 2007. On March 29, 2007, the applicant submitted a subsequent motion to reopen which is now before the AAO.

On motion to reopen, the applicant asserts that he has lived in the United States since 1998, and that he has answered all the requests from Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS). The applicant also submits copies of some documentation in an attempt to establish his eligibility TPS.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an applicant is eligible for TPS only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;
- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under § 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for Temporary Protected Status during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or

- (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
- (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has an application for change of status, adjustment of status, asylum, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending or subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
 - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.
- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director, within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of conditions described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

Persons applying for TPS offered to Hondurans must demonstrate that they have continuously resided in the United States since December 30, 1998, and that they have been continuously physically present since January 5, 1999. The initial registration period for Hondurans was from January 5, 1999, through August 20, 1999. The record reveals that the applicant filed the current application with CIS, on February 24, 2005, after the initial registration period had closed.

To qualify for late registration, the applicant must provide evidence that during the initial registration period he fell within at least one of the provisions described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2) above.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that he or she meets the above requirements. Applicants shall submit all documentation as required in the instructions or requested by Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS). 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(a). The sufficiency of all evidence will be judged according to its relevancy, consistency, credibility, and probative value. To meet his or her burden of proof the applicant must provide supporting documentary evidence of eligibility apart from his or her own statements. 8 C.F.R. § 244.9(b).

The applicant states, in his motion, that he entered the United States in 1998, and that he has answered all requests from CIS. The applicant also submits copies of the following documentation: [REDACTED] a account statements dated September 8, 2006, to January 8, 2007; an order summary dated November 23, 2006; the front of an envelope postmarked June 19, 2003, from [REDACTED]; two letters dated June 30, 2004, and August 4, 2004, from [REDACTED]; [REDACTED] money transfer receipts dated April 14, 2004, July 5, 2004, September 22, 2004, November 22, 2004, January 17, 2005, and February 9, 2007; a letter dated February 13, 2007, from [REDACTED]; a billing statement dated March 2, 2007, from [REDACTED] a letter dated September

25, 2006, from [REDACTED]; two Sprint invoices dated November 6, 2005, and January 6, 2006; a money transfer receipt from Excellence, dated March 4, 2004; two letters from [REDACTED] dated December 24, 2003, and February 4, 2004; and two AT&T billing statements as well as cash register and money order receipts bearing no name.

The applicant's motion to reopen consists of some evidence in an attempt to establish his qualifying continuous residence and continuous physical presence in the United States during the requisite time periods. However, the applicant has not submitted any evidence to establish that he has met any of the criteria for late registration described in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(f)(2). As such, this issue on which the underlying decision was based has not been overcome on motion.

Beyond the decision of the director, it also is noted that the applicant has provided insufficient evidence to establish his qualifying continuous physical presence and continuous residence during the requisite time periods. 8 C.F.R. § 244.2(b) and (c). Therefore, the application must also be denied for these reasons.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the applicant. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. That burden has not been met since the applicant has not provided any new facts or additional evidence to overcome the previous decision of the AAO. Accordingly, the motion to reopen will be dismissed and the previous decision of the AAO will not be disturbed.

ORDER: The motion to reopen is dismissed. The previous decision of the AAO dated March 2, 2007, is affirmed.