Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test (2008 version)



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USCIS Civics Flash Cards

These Civics Flash Cards will help immigrants learn about U.S. history and government while preparing for the naturalization test. These flash cards can also be used in the classroom as an instructional tool for citizenship preparation.

IMPORTANT NOTE: On the naturalization test, some answers may change because of elections or appointments. Applicants must be aware of the most current answers to these questions. Applicants must answer these questions with the name of the official who is serving at the time of his or her eligibility interview with USCIS. The USCIS Officer will not accept an incorrect answer.



USCIS Civics Flash Cards

The 100 civics (history and government) questions and answers for the naturalization test are included in these flash cards. The civics test is an oral test and the USCIS Officer will ask the applicant up to 10 of the 100 civics questions. An applicant must answer 6 out of 10 questions correctly to pass the civics portion of the naturalization test.

Although USCIS is aware that there may be additional correct answers to the 100 civics questions, applicants are encouraged to respond to the civics questions using the answers provided on these flash cards.

If you are 65 years old or older and have been a legal permanent resident of the United States for 20 or more years, you may study just the questions that have been marked with an asterisk (*).



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the supreme law of the land?



Settien 3. The Gorge of Representatives shall be compared of the miles closen every would fine by the Repte of the word sticks of in and State hall have Said features requests for Clairs of the most running Breach of the Whole Seguitable Not home shall be a Beginned to chere hall set have attained to the elizar free your multimessen fine a belogge of the broken. Mexicolations and devot blooms, chair to appetitional among the account stricts which was the inclinited as their this strices queen chang to their confection. Annien which shall be distrimined by adding to the whole Renter of frat Porces, releasing these bound to steren for a time of you wood such dings net toeset, here fyths af út albeit Priems. Marietaal Evormenskrivsskal is maksabler, here growsgie ethe fad Westong of the Evorgest of the Ev holy thousand put ach state abut have at livet me Representative; and mail out commercian shall be made about of Now Shampshine what o entilled to have three, Majorchaells ughter theat school and Promine Manteleon on Connectical for the yet was the forey for Promyto oph Designer ma, they have an Engineer to a 19th leaved as five point to read or fine most from their 1. There more made for the second for fine of the fine of th Sellion 3. The Smale of the Broket Stakes shall be composed of two bushes from each Matighenen by the Segulative thereof for we Generalized in I menerate for free dispersal to affect the Company of a first Color, dispersal to a window gradual and which the Color for the first lights with the color of the color of the first lights and the color of the first light and the color of the first light and the color of the co Storyte of the Lyndrian of my history to Comitive themy income in principle in printerests and the mail thereby of the Lyndrian Sink Man. No Born chall be debuted shockall not have attended a da Hong their prosporation were years a Categor of the thicket hicks and shocket not, when destret be anche habitant of that this for which we should be those The Com President of the anded chales that be President of the Enate but what how no Coth, unity they be considered as wither The should what have there other officers, and also a Hardent, for tempora, in the otherway file tree! Produced or when he shall conserve the officer. The land and have through them to in all a great made in the medium for that I reprosphyrolast to be last a soft materia. When the start of the Commence fractions of the Market of the Commence fractions of the Market of the Ma ment in basis of emparknoond shall not valued parthis than is unused from life eyand designed freation to held and enjoy may effect The war Profit water the United Statement the Berty concessed shall neverthely to be barbo and neighbor to Substances, Great, Judymand and Brinshin. Stellers 4. The Thomas Places and Macones of halding Clictories fore localists and Representations, shall be presented on each after by the Ligards therefront the Congress may it ency time by Some mode in site work steguestims proops as it ideal those of ideating known . Mile Combos dadi ylandani kart eva meney parisandani, thalogodad beer da fact tilandayid. Diamber, ang b aggant a silpent leng: Stellier 5. Coch House shall be his juster of the distinct flations and deschadions of his one lineaksespent a linguistic of outer traditional lineaksespent and the parties of outer traditions of the lineaksespent of the lineaksespent in the lineaksespent of th wich Monney and under wich Smalling as with House may provide Cach Moure may diteriore the Rober of the Prendings paraches Hieroton for disorder by Behaviore and with the Commences of the Kinds super Conde Messon what deep or framer of to Decembers past from time to time publish the stream margin from to there is imagen their proposed by the Messon of th Settien to The London and Representations shall occur a broughornout in for their brown, to be accordinate by Jung and food out of the Treasur the Mutata States. They shall in all bases proper Scious a Chilosy and Brown of the Carrie produced from through driving the ellerations of the Officer of their respective Hours and in ground training from their reasons for any official in Desirion as the Hours, proposal int beginning As a hanke as the proceedings while faring the times for about the constructed is expressed a may contribute after interesting field elements and the contribute from the contribute the contribute the contribute for the Construction of me of which there has a movement attending each transport and town building any fightermost which the Halan hall be a Monther of the Home during his Cont.

the Constitution

The Constitution of the United States. Courtesy of the National Archives.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What does the Constitution do?





- **★** sets up the government
- **★** defines the government
- ★ protects basic rights of Americans

The National Mall in Washington, D.C., seen from the observation area of the Washington Monument, circa 1945. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USW31-058713-C.



Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words?





We the People

"We the People," the first three words of the preamble to the Constitution of the United States.

Courtesy of the National Archives.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is an amendment?



AMENDMENT 20

* a change (to the **Constitution**)

★ an addition (to the Constitution)

> The 20th Amendment to the Constitution.

tified January 23, 1933) ection 1. The terms of the President an nall end at noon on the 20th day of terms of Senators and Representatives day of January, of years in which such ended if this article had not been rat of their successors shall then begin.

Section 2. The Congress shall ass every year, and such meeting shall

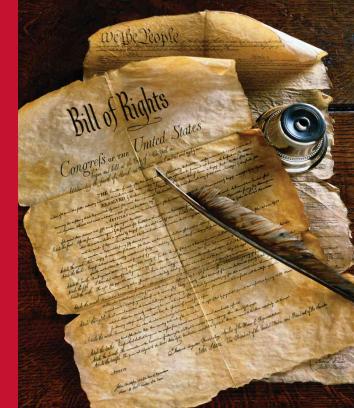


Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution?



the Bill of Rights





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is <u>one</u> right or freedom from the First Amendment?*





- * speech
- ★ religion
- ★ assembly
- **★ press**
- ★ petition the government

A newspaper stand in 1941.
Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USF346-BN-001359-Q-C.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

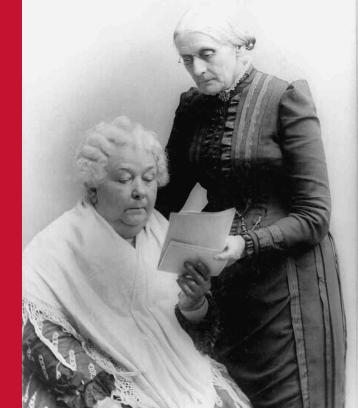
How many amendments does the Constitution have?



twenty-seven (27)

Portrait of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, seated, and Susan B. Anthony, standing, advocates for the rights of women to vote.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ61-791.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

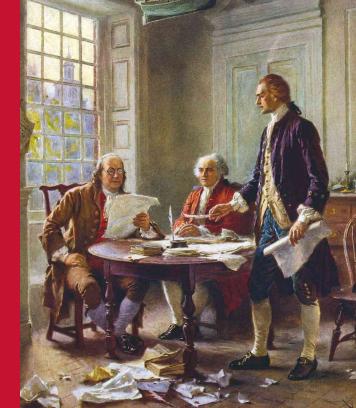
What did the Declaration of Independence do?



- announced our independence (from Great Britain)
- declared our independence (from Great Britain)
- ★ said that the United States is free (from Great Britain)

Benjamin Franklin, John Adams, and Thomas Jefferson in "Writing the Declaration of Independence, 1776," by Jean Leon Gerome Ferris.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-9904.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What are <u>two</u> rights in the **Declaration of Independence?**





- **★ life**
- * liberty
- ★ pursuit of happiness



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

What is freedom of religion?



You can practice any religion, or not practice a religion.

A synagogue on Yom Kippur, circa 1900. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ggbain-02316.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the economic system in the United States?*





- ★ capitalist economy
- * market economy



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

What is the "rule of law"?





- **★** Everyone must follow the law.
- Leaders must obey the law.
- ★ Government must obey the law.
- **★** No one is above the law.

The Contemplation of Justice statue outside the U.S. Supreme Court building in Washington, D.C.

Courtesy of the Collection of the Supreme Court of the United States.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> branch or part of the government.*



- * Congress
- ★ legislative
- * President
- * executive
- * the courts
- **★ judicial**

The U.S. Capitol (legislative branch) and the U.S. Supreme Court (judicial branch) buildings in Washington, D.C.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What stops <u>one</u> branch of government from becoming too powerful?





- ★ checks and balances
- ★ separation of powers



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who is in charge of the executive branch?





the President

The White House in Washington, D.C.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who makes federal laws?





- * Congress
- ★ Senate and House (of Representatives)
- ★ (U.S. or national) legislature

The U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What are the <u>two</u> parts of the U.S. Congress?*



the Senate and House (of Representatives)

Aerial view of the west front of the U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C. Courtesy of the Architect of the Capitol.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

How many U.S. Senators are there?





one hundred (100)

The Senators of the 109th Congress.

Courtesy of the U.S. Senate Photo Studio.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years?





six (6)

Senate hearing on the confirmation of John G. Roberts, Jr. in 2005.

Courtesy of the U.S. Senate Historical Office.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who is <u>one</u> of your state's U.S. Senators now?*





Answers will vary.

[District of Columbia residents and residents of U.S. territories should answer that D.C. (or the territory where the applicant lives) has no U.S. Senators.]

Hiram Revels of Mississippi became the first African American Senator in 1870.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-cwpbh-00554.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

The House of Representatives has how many voting members?





four hundred thirty-five (435)

President George W. Bush delivering the State of the Union Address before a joint session of Congress, January 23, 2007.

Courtesy of the U.S. House of Representatives,
Office of Photography.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?





two (2)

Interior view of the Chamber of the U.S. House of Representatives, circa 1861. Courtesy of the U.S. House of Representatives, Office of Photography.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name your U.S. Representative.





Answers will vary.

[Residents of territories with nonvoting Delegates or Resident Commissioners may provide the name of that Delegate or Commissioner. Also acceptable is any statement that the territory has no (voting) Representatives in Congress.]

Jeannette Rankin, the first woman to be elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-66358.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who does a U.S. Senator represent?





all people of the state



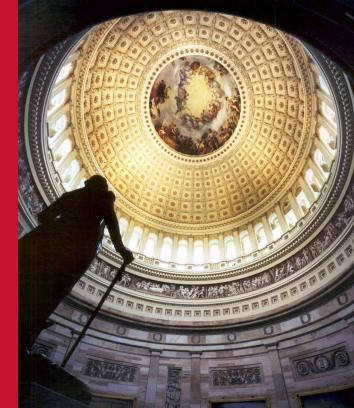
Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?



- ★ (because of) the state's population
- ★ (because) they have more people
- (because) some states have more people

The Rotunda of the U.S. Capitol.
Courtesy of the Architect of the Capitol.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

We elect a President for how many years?





four (4)

The inauguration of President Theodore Roosevelt on March 4, 1905.
Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-231.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

In what month do we vote for President?*





November



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the name of the President of the United States now?*



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u> <u>testupdates</u> for the name of the President of the United States.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the name of the Vice President of the United States now?



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u> <u>testupdates</u> for the name of the Vice President of the United States.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

If the President can no longer serve, who becomes President?



the Vice President

Swearing in of Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson as president aboard Air Force One following the death of President John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963.

Courtesy of the Lyndon Baines Johnson Library and Museum, photo by Cecil Stoughton.

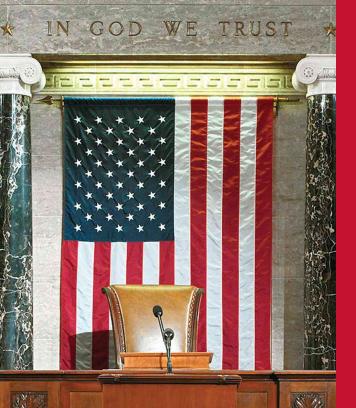




Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President?





the Speaker of the House

The Rostrum, a place for public speaking, is the location from which the Speaker of the House presides.

Courtesy of the Architect of the Capitol.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who is the Commander in Chief of the military?



the President

President Franklin D. Roosevelt reviewing American troops in Casablanca, Morocco during World War II.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USW33-027834-ZC.

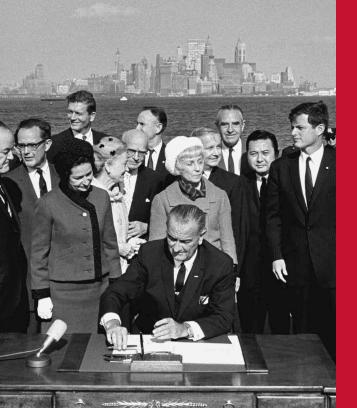




Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Who signs bills to become laws?





the President

President Lyndon B. Johnson signing the Immigration Act of 1965 on October 3rd of that same year, Liberty Island, NY.

Courtesy of the Lyndon Baines Johnson Library and Museum.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Who vetoes bills?





the President

The White House in Washington, D.C.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

What does the President's Cabinet do?





advises the **President**

President Ronald Reagan leads a Cabinet meeting at the White House in September 1986.

Courtesy of the Ronald Reagan Presidential Library, C36864-19.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

What are <u>two</u> Cabinet-level positions?



- Secretary of Agriculture
- ★ Secretary of Commerce
- **★** Secretary of Defense
- **★ Secretary of Education**
- **★ Secretary of Energy**
- **★ Secretary of Health and Human Services**
- Secretary of Homeland Security
- ★ Secretary of Housing and Urban Development

- Secretary of the Interior
- ★ Secretary of Labor
- ★ Secretary of State
- **★ Secretary of Transportation**
- ★ Secretary of the Treasury
- Secretary of VeteransAffairs
- **★ Attorney General**
- **★ Vice President**



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

What does the judicial branch do?





- ★ reviews laws
- **★** explains laws
- ★ resolves disputes (disagreements)
- ★ decides if a law goes against the Constitution

The Courtroom of the U.S. Supreme Court building, where the Court has sat since 1935.

Courtesy of the Collection of the Supreme Court of the United States.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the highest court in the United States?





the Supreme Court

West facade of the U.S. Supreme Court building in Washington, D.C. Courtesy of the Collection of the Supreme Court of the United States.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

How many justices are on the Supreme Court?



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u> <u>testupdates</u> for the number of justices on the Supreme Court.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who is the Chief Justice of the United States now?



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u>
<u>testupdates</u> for the name of the
Chief Justice of the United States.





Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the federal government?



- * to print money
- ★ to declare war
- * to create an army
- **★ to make treaties**

President Woodrow Wilson asking Congress to declare war on Germany, April 2, 1917.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-10297.





Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is <u>one</u> power of the states?



- provide schooling and education
- provide protection (police)
- provide safety(fire departments)
- ★ give a driver's license
- approve zoning and land use





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who is the Governor of your state now?



Answers will vary.

[District of Columbia residents should answer that D.C. does not have a Governor.]



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the capital of your state?*



Answers will vary.

[District of Columbia residents should answer that D.C. is not a state and does not have a capital. Residents of U.S. territories should name the capital of the territory.]



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What are the <u>two</u> major political parties in the United States?*





Democratic and Republican

Democratic (donkey) and Republican (elephant) Party icons from a 1962 political cartoon urging citizens to vote. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-116449.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the political party of the President now?



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u> <u>testupdates</u> for the political party of the President.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?



Visit <u>uscis.gov/citizenship/</u> <u>testupdates</u> for the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.





Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them.



- ★ Citizens eighteen (18) and older (can vote).
- ★ You don't have to pay (a poll tax) to vote.
- Any citizen can vote.(Women and men can vote.)
- ★ A male citizen of any race (can vote).

A young woman casting her ballot in the 1964 presidential election.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ppmsca-04300.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is <u>one</u> responsibility that is only for United States citizens?*





- ★ serve on a jury
- **★ vote in a federal election**



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> right only for United States citizens.





- ★ vote in a federal election
- ★ run for federal office

Congressman George W. Johnson of West Virginia with a Boy Scout band from his state, June 4, 1924.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-29200.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What are <u>two</u> rights of everyone living in the United States?





- **★** freedom of expression
- **★** freedom of speech
- ★ freedom of assembly
- **★** freedom to petition the government
- **★** freedom of religion
- **★** the right to bear arms

Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy speaking at a racial equality demonstration outside the Justice Department on June 14, 1963.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ppmsca-04295.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge of Allegiance?



- **★ the United States**
- ★ the flag

A young boy pledging allegiance at a naturalization ceremony in 1962. Courtesy of the USCIS Historical Library, BK9.4, Item 112.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is <u>one</u> promise you make when you become a United States citizen?





- give up loyalty to other countries
- defend the Constitution and laws of the United States
- obey the laws of the United States
- ★ serve in the U.S. military (if needed)
- serve (do important work for) the nation (if needed)
- **★** be loyal to the United States



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?*



eighteen (18) and older





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?



- **★** vote
- ★ join a political party
- ★ help with a campaign
- ★ join a civic group
- ★ join a community group
- ★ give an elected official your opinion on an issue

- ★ call Senators and Representatives
- ★ publicly support or oppose an issue or policy
- **★** run for office
- * write to a newspaper

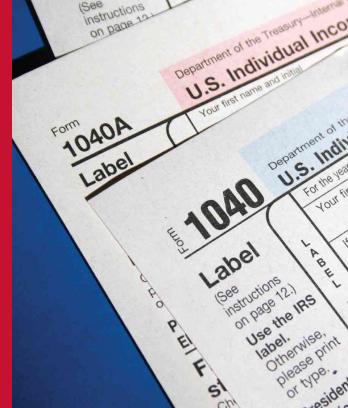


Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

When is the last day you can send in federal income tax forms?*



April 15





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

When must all men register for the Selective Service?



For	1 744 REGISTRATION CARD No. 16
1	Name in full Living Berling 1999 (Panily name)
2	Home address (No.) 4 (Street) 70 St. M.J. (State)
3	Date of birth May (1 888 (Year)
4	Are you (1) a natural-both chizen, (2) a paturalized citizen, (3) an alien, (4) or have you declared your intention (specify which)?
5	Where wee Mogelogy Mussian you bern! (State) (Nation)
6	If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?
7	What is your present trade, occupation, or office? Loun Bosen Mussic
8	By whom employed? Zeep Bloyed fig solf
_	Where employed?
9	support (specify which)? Mother
10	Married or single (which) Allangham. Race (specify whighth) Allandana
11	What military service have you had Kank
12	Po you claim exemption
-	from draft (specify grounds)? I affirm that I have verified above answers and that they are true.
Alfica las	Trong Balw (Gleasture or mark)
Corner	(Signature or mark)

- ★ at age eighteen (18)
- between eighteen(18) and twenty-six(26)

World War I draft registration card of Irving Berlin, an American composer who became a naturalized citizen in 1918.

Courtesy of the National Archives.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is <u>one</u> reason colonists came to America?



- ★ freedom
- **★** political liberty
- **★** religious freedom
- **★** economic opportunity
- **★** practice their religion
- **★** escape persecution

"Mayflower Approaching Land," an engraving of the ship that carried the Pilgrims to Plymouth, MA in 1620.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-3046.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

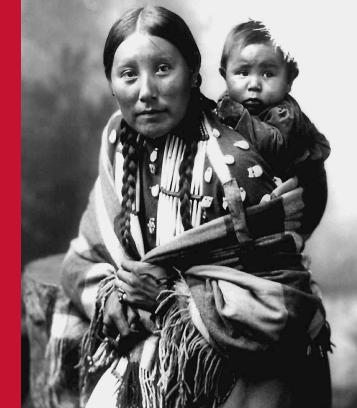
Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived?



- * American Indians
- **★ Native Americans**

American Indian woman and her baby in 1899.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-94927.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves?





- * Africans
- **★ people from Africa**

Slaves on a Southern plantation in May 1862.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ppmsca-04324.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Why did the colonists fight the British?





- because of high taxes (taxation without representation)
- because the British army stayed in their houses (boarding, quartering)

★ because they didn't have self-government

Molly Pitcher firing a cannon at the Battle of Monmouth in 1778 during the American Revolutionary War by Percy Moran.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-4969.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?

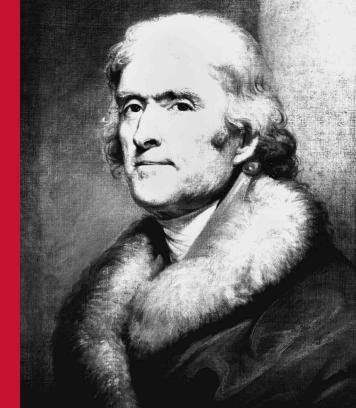


(Thomas) Jefferson

Thomas Jefferson. Copy of painting by Rembrandt Peale.

Courtesy of the National Archives,

NARA File # 208-PU-104HH-4.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

When was the Declaration of Independence adopted?





July 4, 1776

In "Declaration of Independence," a painting by John Trumbull, Thomas Jefferson and his committee present the formal statement of independence from Great Britain. Courtesy of the National Archives, NARA File # 148-GW-662.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

There were 13 original states. Name three.





- **★ New Hampshire**
- **★ Massachusetts**
- ★ Rhode Island
- **★** Connecticut
- ★ New York
- ★ New Jersey
- **★ Pennsylvania**
- ★ Delaware
- **★** Maryland
- **★ Virginia**
- **★ North Carolina**
- **★** South Carolina
- ★ Georgia



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What happened at the Constitutional Convention?





- ★ The Constitution was written.
- ★ The Founding Fathers wrote the Constitution.

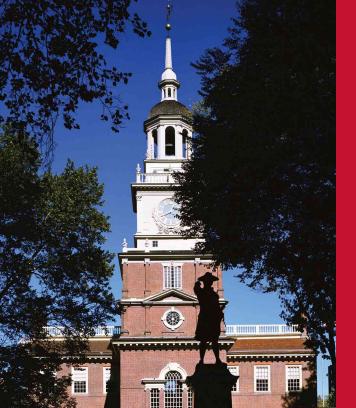
"Scene at the Signing of the Constitution of the United States," by Howard Chandler Christy. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USA7-34630.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

When was the Constitution written?





1787

Independence Hall in Philadelphia, PA, where the Constitution was signed in 1787.





Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

The Federalist Papers supported the passage of the U.S. Constitution. Name <u>one</u> of the writers.



THE

FEDERALIST:

A COLLECTION OF

ESSAYS,

WRITTEN IN FAVOUR OF THE

NEW CONSTITUTION,

AS AGREED UPON BY THE

FEDERAL CONVENTION,

SEPTEMBER 17, 1787.

IN TWO VOLUMES.
VOL. I.

NEW-YORK:
PRINTED AND SOLD BY JOHN TIEBOUT,
No. 358 PEARL-STREET.

1799. M. Walay

- ★ (James) Madison
- ★ (Alexander) Hamilton
- ★ (John) Jay
- * Publius

Title page of The Federalist, vol. 1, 1799.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-70508.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is <u>one</u> thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for?





- **★** U.S. diplomat
- oldest member of the Constitutional Convention
- first Postmaster General of the United States

- writer of "Poor Richard's Almanac"
- * started the first free libraries

"Franklin's Return to Philadelphia, 1785," by Jean Leon Gerome Ferris.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-9906.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

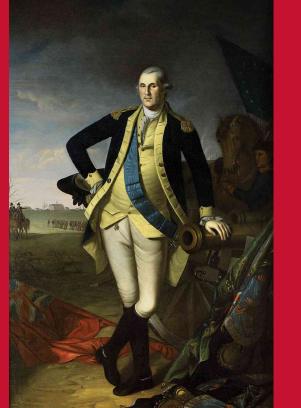
Who is the "Father of Our Country"?



(George) Washington

"George Washington at Princeton," by Charles Willson Peale.

Courtesy of the U.S. Senate, Catalog # 31.00002.000.





Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

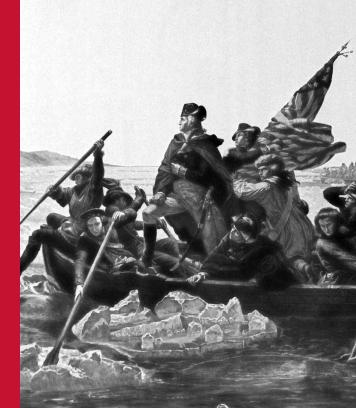
Who was the first President?*



(George) Washington

"Washington Crossing the Delaware," by Emanuel Leutze.

Courtesy of the National Archives, NARA File # 066-G-15D-25.





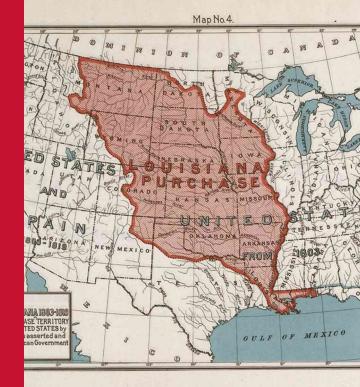
Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803?



- ★ the Louisiana Territory
- * Louisiana

Map of the Louisiana
Purchase Territory.
Courtesy of the National Archives.

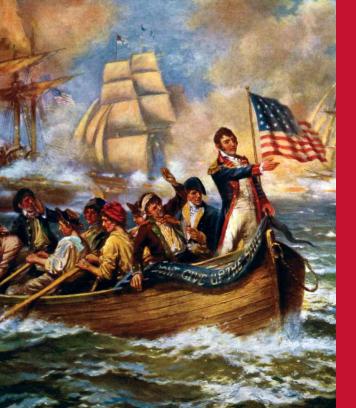




Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> war fought by the United States in the 1800s.





- **★ War of 1812**
- ★ Mexican-American
 War
- **★ Civil War**
- ★ Spanish-AmericanWar

"Battle of Lake Erie," by Percy Moran, depicts a battle from the War of 1812. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-6893.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name the U.S. war between the North and the South.





- * the Civil War
- ★ the War between the States

Civil War soldiers with cannon and caisson, Fort C.F. Smith, Co. L, 2d New York Artillery. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-115177.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

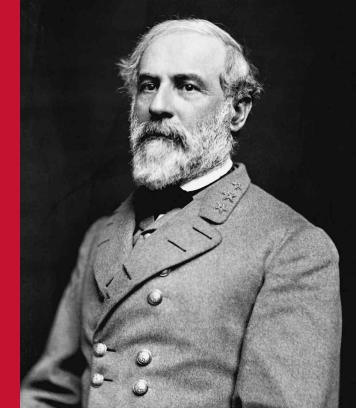
Name <u>one</u> problem that led to the Civil War.



- * slavery
- * economic reasons
- ★ states' rights

Civil War Confederate General Robert E. Lee.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-B8172-0001.

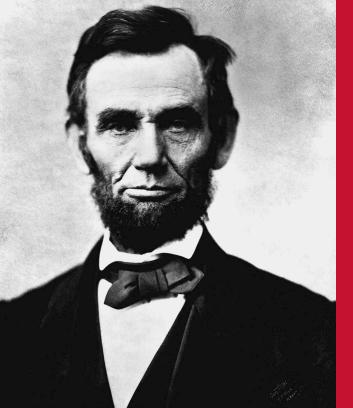




Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What was <u>one</u> important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?*





- ★ freed the slaves (Emancipation Proclamation)
- ★ saved (or preserved)the Union
- ★ led the UnitedStates during theCivil War

Abraham Lincoln.Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-13016.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?





- **★** freed the slaves
- ★ freed slaves in the Confederacy
- freed slaves in the Confederate states

freed slaves in mostSouthern states

"The First Reading of the Emancipation Proclamation Before the Cabinet," painted by Francis Bicknell Carpenter and engraved by A.H. Ritchie.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-pga-02502.



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

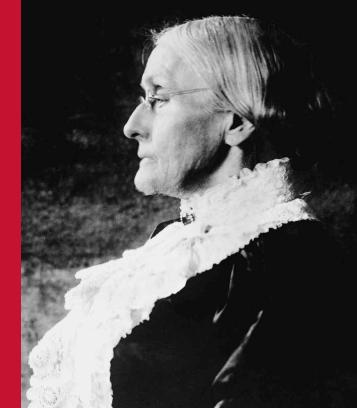
What did Susan B. Anthony do?



- ★ fought for women's rights
- ★ fought for civil rights

Susan B. Anthony.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ggbain-30125.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> war fought by the United States in the 1900s.*





- * World War I
- * World War II
- * Korean War
- * Vietnam War
- **★ (Persian) Gulf War**

"Raising the Flag on Iwo Jima," photographed by Joe Rosenthal, Associated Press, 1945.

Courtesy of the National Archives, 80-G-413988.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who was President during World War I?





(Woodrow) Wilson

President Woodrow Wilson.
Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-107577.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who was President during the Great Depression and World War II?





(Franklin) Roosevelt

President Franklin D. Roosevelt signing the Declaration of War against Japan on December 8, 1941.

Courtesy of the National Archives.



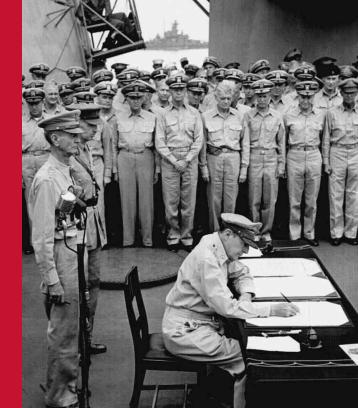
Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Who did the United States fight in World War II?



Japan, Germany, and Italy

Surrender of Japan, September 2, 1945.
General Douglas MacArthur signs
as Supreme Allied Commander
during formal surrender ceremonies
aboard the USS Missouri in Tokyo Bay.
Courtesy of the National Archives.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in?



World War II

General Dwight D. Eisenhower, 1945.

Courtesy of the National Archives.





Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States?



Communism

Germans from East and West stand
on the Berlin Wall in front of the
Brandenburg Gate in this November 10,
1989 photo, one day after the wall
opened. The Berlin Wall was a symbol of the
tyranny that restrained freedom throughout
the Communist bloc of
Eastern Europe during the Cold War.

AP Images/STF.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What movement tried to end racial discrimination?





civil rights (movement)

Demonstrators at the March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom in Washington, D.C., August 28, 1963.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-DIG-ppmsca-03128.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?*



- ★ fought for civil rights
- worked for equality for all Americans

Martin Luther King, Jr.



Civics Flash Cards
for the Naturalization Test

What major event happened on September 11, 2001, in the United States?





Terrorists attacked the United States.

Firefighters unfurl a large American flag over the scarred stone of the Pentagon on September 12, 2001.

White House photo by Paul Morse.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> American Indian tribe in the United States.





- **★** Cherokee
- **★** Navajo
- **★** Sioux
- **★ Chippewa**
- **★** Choctaw
- **★** Pueblo

- ★ Apache
- **★** Iroquois
- **★** Creek
- **★** Blackfeet
- **★ Seminole**
- **★** Cheyenne

- **★** Arawak
- ★ Shawnee★ Mohegan
- **★** Huron
- **★** Oneida
- * Lakota

- **★** Crow
- **★** Teton
- **★** Hopi
- **★** Inuit

Four Pueblo women.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZ62-54421.



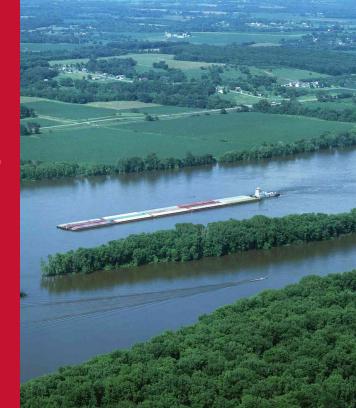
Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> of the two longest rivers in the United States.



- **★ Missouri (River)**
- **★ Mississippi (River)**

The Mississippi River near Minneapolis, MN.

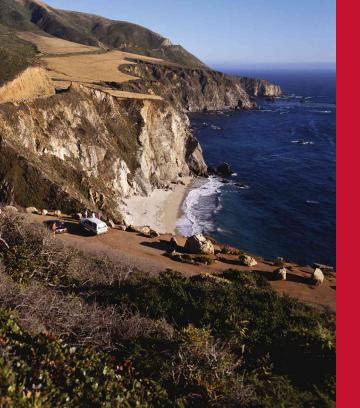




Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What ocean is on the West Coast of the United States?





Pacific (Ocean)

View of the Pacific Ocean from Big Sur, CA, near Bixby Creek Bridge.



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What ocean is on the East Coast of the United States?



Atlantic (Ocean)

Portland Head Light in Cape Elizabeth, ME.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name one U.S. territory.



- * Puerto Rico
- * U.S. Virgin Islands
- * American Samoa
- ★ Northern Mariana Islands
- * Guam

Old Spanish Bridge in Umatac, Guam.

Courtesy of the Office of U.S. Representative

Madeleine Z. Bordallo.





Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> state that borders Canada.







Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Name <u>one</u> state that borders Mexico.



* California

* New Mexico

* Arizona

★ Texas





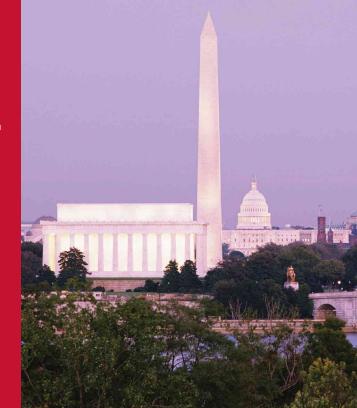
Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

What is the capital of the United States?*



Washington, D.C.

A view of Washington, D.C., from Virginia, across the Potomac River. The view shows the Lincoln Memorial, the Washington Monument, and the U.S. Capitol.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Where is the Statue of Liberty?*





- **★ New York (Harbor)**
- **★ Liberty Island**

[Also acceptable are New Jersey, near New York City, and on the Hudson (River).]



Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Why does the flag have 13 stripes?





- ★ because there were 13 original colonies
- ★ because the stripes represent the original colonies



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

Why does the flag have 50 stars?*





- because there is one star for each state
- because each star represents a state
- ★ because there are50 states



Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

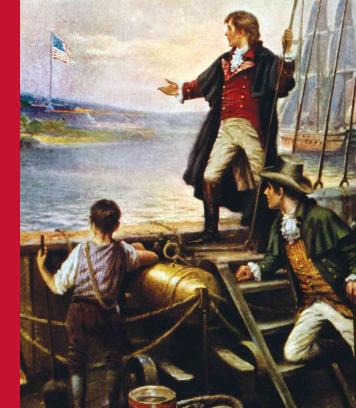
What is the name of the national anthem?



The Star-Spangled Banner

In "The Star-Spangled Banner," by Percy Moran, Francis Scott Key reaches toward the flag flying over Fort McHenry.

Courtesy of the Library of Congress, LC-USZC4-6200.





Civics Flash Cards for the Naturalization Test

When do we celebrate Independence Day?*



July 4

Patriotic celebration at the U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C.





Civics Flash Cardsfor the Naturalization Test

Name <u>two</u> national U.S. holidays.





- ★ New Year's Day
- **★** Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
- **★ Presidents' Day**
- **★ Memorial Day**
- **★** Juneteenth
- **★ Independence Day**
- **★** Labor Day
- **★ Columbus Day**
- **★ Veterans Day**
- **★** Thanksgiving
- **★** Christmas

Atlantic Pavilion at the World War II Memorial in Washington, D.C.

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