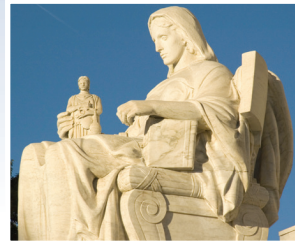


Important Information for New Citizens



Congratulations on becoming a U.S. citizen

Today marks a very special milestone in your life. With a solemn oath, you are now a citizen of the United States of America. You pursued this day wholeheartedly and pledged your allegiance to this country; now we welcome you to the American family.

We encourage you to read *The Citizen's Almanac*, available at uscis.gov/citizenship, which contains information on the history, people and events that have shaped our country. We hope the contents of this booklet will serve as a constant reminder of the important rights and responsibilities you now have as a U.S. citizen.

Your aspirations and actions enrich our society and strengthen our democracy. Remember that with the rights of citizenship come equally important responsibilities. Our system of government relies

on an active and engaged citizenry. The future of our great republic is dependent upon the involvement of citizens like you.

With your new title of U.S. citizen, you have an opportunity to make lasting contributions to both your community and adopted country. Your efforts will help ensure that America's promise of freedom, democracy, and liberty is secured for generations to come.

Below is a list of some of the most important rights and responsibilities that all citizens—both Americans by birth and by choice—should exercise, honor, and respect. Some of these responsibilities are legally required of every citizen, but all are important to ensure the continued vitality of our country and democracy. Please accept our warmest welcome and best wishes for the future.

YOUR RIGHTS

- ★ Freedom to express yourself.
- ★ Freedom to worship as you wish.
- ★ Right to a prompt, fair trial by jury.
- ★ Right to vote in elections for public officials.
- ★ Right to apply for federal employment requiring U.S. citizenship.
- ★ Right to run for elected office.
- ★ Freedom to pursue "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness."

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

- ★ Support and defend the Constitution.
- ★ Stay informed of the issues affecting your community.
- ★ Participate in the democratic process.
- ★ Respect and obey federal, state, and local laws.
- ★ Respect the rights, beliefs, and opinions of others.
- ★ Participate in your local community.
- ★ Pay income and other taxes honestly, and on time, to federal, state, and local authorities.
- ★ Serve on a jury when called upon.
- ★ Defend the country if the need should arise.



**U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services**

NEXT STEPS: NOW THAT YOU ARE A U.S. CITIZEN . . .

Apply for a U.S. Passport

Now that you are a U.S. citizen, you can apply for a U.S. passport from the U.S. Department of State. You will need to submit your original Form N-550, Certificate of Naturalization, AND a photocopy when applying for your U.S. passport. For more information, passport forms, and to find a passport acceptance facility near you please visit travel.state.gov. You may also apply for a U.S. passport for any child under the age of 18 who automatically acquired citizenship based on your naturalization.

Update Your Social Security Record

You will need to visit Social Security so they can update your Social Security record. Wait at least 10 days after your ceremony before doing so and be prepared to show them your Certificate of Naturalization or your U.S. passport. It is important that your Social Security record is accurate because you will need your Social Security Number (SSN) to get a job, collect Social Security benefits, and receive other government services. When you are hired for a job, your employer can enter your SSN into a U.S. Department of Homeland Security web-based system, E-Verify, to determine your eligibility to work in the United States. If your record has not been updated, this may impact the information your employer receives about your work eligibility. To find your Social Security office, call 1-800-772-1213 or visit ssa.gov.

Register to Vote

As a new U.S. citizen, you may register to vote. You can register to vote by applying in person, by mail, at public assistance offices, or when you apply for or renew your driver's license. Visit the U.S. Election Assistance Commission's website at eac.gov for more information.

Obtain a Certificate of Citizenship for Your Child

If you have a child who is a lawful permanent resident under the age of 18 on the day you naturalize, he or she may have automatically acquired U.S. citizenship. To obtain evidence of your child's acquired U.S. citizenship status, file Form N-600, Application for Certificate of Citizenship, online. You can find instructions and filing information online at uscis.gov/forms. You can also apply for a U.S. passport from the U.S.

Department of State. For more information, see the "How Do I" Customer Guides at uscis.gov/howdoi and select "U.S. Citizens." Download the guide called "How Do I Get Proof of My U.S. Citizenship?"

Sponsor Family Members to Come to the United States

As a citizen of the United States, you may petition for certain relatives to become lawful permanent residents and obtain what is often referred to as a "Green Card." To do so, you need to sponsor your relative and be able to prove that you have enough income or assets to support your relative(s) in the United States. For more information, see the "How Do I" Customer Guides at uscis.gov/howdoi and select "U.S. Citizens." Download the guide called "How Do I Help My Relative Become a U.S. Permanent Resident?"

Protecting Your Right to Work

Federal law states that employers cannot discriminate against you because of your citizenship or immigration status or national origin. Employers cannot treat you differently because of your citizenship or because of your place of birth, native language, accent, or appearance. Employers may not demand more or different documents than necessary when completing Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification, or treat you differently when using E-Verify based on your citizenship or immigration status or national origin. Employers cannot retaliate against you if you complain about the treatment above. For more information about your rights, or to file a complaint, call the U.S. Department of Justice's Immigrant and Employee Rights Section at 1-800-255-7688 or 1-800-237-2515 (TTY for the hearing impaired). Interpreters are available to help you. You also can visit justice.gov/crt/immigrant-and-employee-rights-section for more information.

Replacing Your Certificate of Naturalization

If you lose your Form N-550, Certificate of Naturalization, you may replace it by filing Form N-565, Application for Replacement Naturalization/Citizenship Document, online. You can find instructions and filing fee information online at uscis.gov/forms. You may use your U.S. passport as evidence of citizenship until you receive your replacement certificate.

