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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U. S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Office of Administrative Appeals MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090



**U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services**

[REDACTED]

FILE: [REDACTED] Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date: **AUG 06 2010**
IN RE: Petitioner: [REDACTED]
Beneficiary: [REDACTED]

PETITION: Petition for Alien Fiancé(e) Pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied by us in reaching our decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. The specific requirements for filing such a request can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires that any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

[REDACTED]

Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Director, California Service Center, denied the nonimmigrant visa petition. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a naturalized citizen of the United States who seeks to classify the beneficiary, a native and citizen of the Philippines, as the fiancé(e) of a United States citizen pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K).

The director denied the nonimmigrant visa petition because the petitioner failed to submit any supporting documentation. On appeal, the petitioner submits a statement and supporting documentation, including: evidence of his U.S. citizenship; passport-style color photographs for himself and the beneficiary; completed G-325A, Biographic Information forms for himself and the beneficiary; evidence that he and the beneficiary personally met within the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of the petition; copies of electronic mail messages and telephone records; and photographs.

A "fiancé(e)" is defined at Section 101(a)(15)(K) of the Act as, in pertinent part:

Subject to subsections (d) and (p) of section 214, an alien who -

(i) is the fiancée or fiancé of a citizen of the United States . . . and who seeks to enter the United States solely to conclude a valid marriage with the petitioner within ninety days after admission[.]

Section 214(d)(1) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1184(d)(1), states in pertinent part that a fiancé(e) petition:

shall be approved only after satisfactory evidence is submitted by the petitioner to establish that the parties have previously met in person within 2 years before the date of filing the petition, have a bona fide intention to marry, and are legally able and actually willing to conclude a valid marriage in the United States within a period of ninety days after the alien's arrival, except that the Secretary of Homeland Security in [her] discretion may waive the requirement that the parties have previously met in person.

On appeal, the petitioner submits documentation showing that he and the beneficiary met within two years before this petition was filed. The petition may not be approved, however, as the record still does not contain original statements from the petitioner and the beneficiary or other evidence that establishes their mutual intent and ability to marry within 90 days of the beneficiary's entry into the United States in K-1 status.

The instructions to the I-129F petition at pages 2 and 3, items #5 and #6, describe the documentation that must be submitted for both the petitioner and the beneficiary. When filing the petition, the petitioner did not submit any supporting documentation, and thus the director denied the petition.

On appeal, the petitioner submits the items listed above, but does not submit all of the required supporting documentation as described in the instructions to the I-129F petition. As a result, the

beneficiary cannot benefit from the instant petition. Therefore, the appeal will be dismissed and the petition will be denied.

The denial of the petition is without prejudice to the filing of a new I-129F Petition with all of the required supporting documentation. The Form I-129F petition and instructions may be downloaded from the USCIS website at www.uscis.gov.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has not met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. The petition is denied.

