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U.S. Department of Homeland Security  
U. S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
Office of Administrative Appeals MS 2090  
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

B6

FILE:

[REDACTED]  
LIN 07 051 53709

Office: NEBRASKA SERVICE CENTER

Date:

**MAY 11 2010**

IN RE:

Petitioner:

Beneficiary:

PETITION: Immigrant petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)

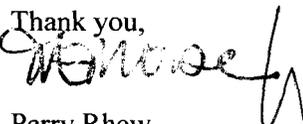
ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied by us in reaching our decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. The specific requirements for filing such a request can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires that any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

  
Perry Rhew

Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The Director, Nebraska Service Center, approved the third preference visa petition. The beneficiary filed a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, noting that he was filing an appeal.<sup>1</sup> The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The appeal will be rejected pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(A).

The petitioner is a horse supply company. It seeks to employ the beneficiary permanently in the United States as a supervisor. The record of proceeding contains a properly executed Form G-28 (Form G-28), Notice of Entry of Appearance as Attorney or Representative for the beneficiary's representative.<sup>2</sup> The Form I-290B appellate form was signed by the beneficiary. USCIS regulations

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<sup>1</sup> On appeal, the beneficiary requests that U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) change the priority date of the visa petition.

<sup>2</sup> The appeal indicates that [REDACTED] with an address in Bronx, New York, assisted the beneficiary in filing Form I-290B. [REDACTED] did not submit a Form G-28, Notice of Entry of Appearance as Attorney or Representative. The regulation governing representation in filing immigration petitions and/or applications with USCIS is found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.2(a)(3), which provides in pertinent part that:

(3) *Representation.* An applicant or petitioner may be represented by an attorney in the United States, as defined in § 1.1(f) of this chapter, by an attorney outside the United States as defined in § 292.1(a)(6) of this chapter, or by an accredited representative as defined in § 292.1(a)(4) of this chapter.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 1.1(f) states:

The term attorney means any person who is a member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of any State, possession, territory, Commonwealth, or the District of Columbia, and is not under any order of any court suspending, enjoining, restraining, disbaring, or otherwise restricting him in the practice of law.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 292.1(a)(6) encompasses the following type of foreign attorneys:

Attorneys outside the United States. An attorney other than one described in Sec. 1.1(f) of this chapter who is licensed to practice law and is in good standing in a court of general jurisdiction of the country in which he/she resides and who is engaged in such practice. Provided that he/she represents persons only in matters outside the geographical confines of the United States as defined in section 101(a)(38) of the Act, and that the Service official before whom he/she wishes to appear allows such representation as a matter of discretion.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 292.1(a)(4) defines an accredited representative as a person representing an organization described in 8 C.F.R. § 292.2 who has been accredited by the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA). The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 292.2 describes the processes by which the BIA (1)

specifically prohibit a beneficiary of a visa petition, or a representative acting on a beneficiary's behalf, from filing an appeal. 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(iii)(B). No evidence suggests that the petitioner consented to the filing of the appeal.

As the appeal was not properly filed, and it is unclear whether or not the petitioner consented to having an appeal filed on its behalf, it will be rejected. 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(2)(v)(A)(1).

**ORDER:** The appeal is rejected as improperly filed.

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recognizes an organization as authorized to provide accredited representatives, and (2) accredits a person as a representative of a recognized organization. According to the most recent Roster of Recognized Organizations and Accredited Representatives maintained by the Executive Office for Immigration and Review, available on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/eoir/statspub/raroster.htm> (accessed May 10, 2010), [REDACTED] is not an attorney or an accredited representative of an organization recognized by the BIA. [REDACTED] has failed to establish that he is an accredited representative by the BIA under the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 292.1(a)(4) through the procedures set forth by the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 292.2.