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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090

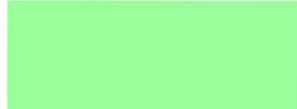


U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

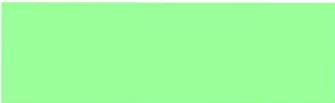


DATE: JAN 09 2013 OFFICE: TEXAS SERVICE CENTER

FILE:

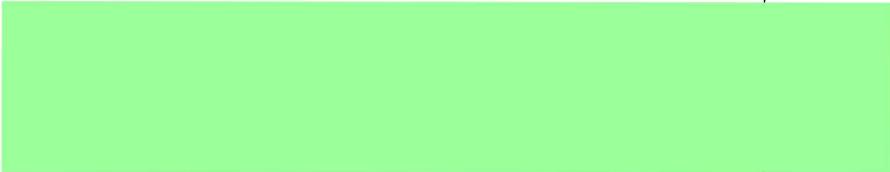


IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:



PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional Pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ron Rosenberg".

Ron Rosenberg
Acting Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The preference visa petition was approved on April 23, 2003 by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), Vermont Service Center, but that approval was revoked by the Director, Texas Service Center (director) on February 26, 2009 and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be sustained, the director's decision will be withdrawn, and the petition's approval will be reinstated.

The petitioner is a bakery. It seeks to employ the beneficiary permanently in the United States as a baker pursuant to section 203(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. §1153(b)(3)(A)(i).¹ As required by statute, the petition is submitted along with an approved Form ETA 750 Alien Employment Certification, approved by the United States Department of Labor (DOL). The director determined that the petitioner failed to follow the DOL recruitment procedures in connection with the approved labor certification application and that the documents submitted in response to the director's Notice of Intent to Revoke (NOIR) were in themselves a willful misrepresentation of material facts, constituting fraud. Accordingly, the director revoked the approval of the petition under the authority of 8 C.F.R. § 205.1.

The AAO conducts appellate review on a *de novo* basis. See *Soltane v. DOJ*, 381 F.3d 143, 145 (3d Cir. 2004).

Upon review of the entire record, including evidence submitted on appeal, the AAO concludes that the record does not show inconsistencies or anomalies in the recruitment process that would justify the issuance of a NOIR based on the criteria of *Matter of S & B-C-*, 9 I&N Dec. 436, 447 (A.G. 1961). Similarly, there has been an insufficient development of the facts upon which the director can make a determination of fraud or willful misrepresentation in connection with the labor certification process. *Id.*

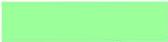
To be eligible for approval, a beneficiary must have all the education, training, and experience specified on the labor certification as of the petition's priority date. See *Matter of Wing's Tea House*, 16 I&N 158 (Act. Reg. Comm. 1977). The priority date of the petition is April 16, 2001, which is the date the labor certification was accepted for processing by the DOL. See 8 C.F.R. § 204.5(d). Here, the petitioner has established that it is more likely than not that the beneficiary had all the education, training, and experience specified on the Form ETA 750 as of April 16, 2001. The AAO also finds that the petitioner has established its ability to pay the proffered wage from the priority date onwards.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is sustained, the director's decision to revoke the approval of the petition

¹ Section 203(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3)(A)(i), provides for the granting of preference classification to qualified immigrants who are capable, at the time of petitioning for classification under this paragraph, of performing skilled labor (requiring at least two years training or experience), not of a temporary nature, for which qualified workers are not available in the United States.

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is withdrawn, and the petition's approval is reinstated.