

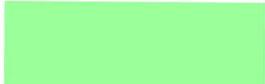


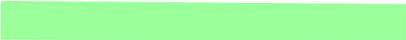
U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

(b)(6)

Date: **SEP 10 2014**

Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

File: 

IN RE: Self-Petitioner: 

PETITION: Petition for Immigrant Abused Spouse Pursuant to Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

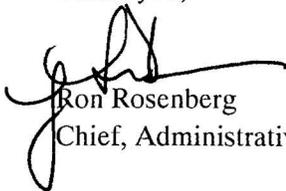
SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) in your case.

This is a non-precedent decision. The AAO does not announce new constructions of law nor establish agency policy through non-precedent decisions. If you believe the AAO incorrectly applied current law or policy to your case or if you seek to present new facts for consideration, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen, respectively. Any motion must be filed on a Notice of Appeal or Motion (Form I-290B) within 33 days of the date of this decision. **Please review the Form I-290B instructions at <http://www.uscis.gov/forms> for the latest information on fee, filing location, and other requirements.** See also 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file a motion directly with the AAO.**

Thank you,



Ron Rosenberg
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Vermont Service Center director (“the director”) denied the immigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The petitioner seeks immigrant classification under section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1154(a)(1)(A)(iii), as an alien battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a United States citizen. On November 17, 2010, the director approved the immigrant abused spouse self-petition (Form I-360). However, the director subsequently issued a Notice of Intent to Revoke the approval. The petitioner, through former counsel, responded with additional evidence, which the director found insufficient to overcome the discrepancies in the record.¹ Approval of the Form I-360 was revoked on November 15, 2012, and the petitioner filed the instant appeal.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) states, in pertinent part:

Summary dismissal. An officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal. . . .

In this case, the petitioner contends that the revocation was in error because the director based his conclusions on discrepancies in the record that are not material and ignored documents that support the petitioner’s claim. The petitioner has not identified any specific, erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact in the director’s decision and simply repeats his previous assertions. Although the petitioner may disagree with the director’s decision, he has not specifically identified any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact in the decision. Accordingly, the appeal must be summarily dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is summarily dismissed.

¹ On March 11, 2014, the petitioner’s former counsel was disbarred from practicing before the Board of Immigration Appeals, the Immigration Courts, and the Department of Homeland Security.