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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services



D14

Date: **APR 26 2012** Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER FILE:

IN RE: PETITIONER:

PETITION: Petition for U Nonimmigrant Classification as a Victim of a Qualifying Crime Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(U) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied by us in reaching our decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. The specific requirements for filing such a request can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$630. Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires that any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,

Perry Rhew
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Director, Vermont Service Center (“the director”), denied the U nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed. The petition will remain denied.

The petitioner seeks nonimmigrant classification under section 101(a)(15)(U)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (“the Act”), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)(i), as an alien victim of certain qualifying criminal activity.

Applicable Law

Section 101(a)(15)(U) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U) provides U nonimmigrant classification to alien victims of certain qualifying criminal activity and their qualifying family members. Section 214(p)(1) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1184(p)(1) states:

The petition filed by an alien under section 101(a)(15)(U)(i) shall contain a certification from a Federal, State, or local law enforcement official, prosecutor, judge, or other Federal, State, or local authority investigating criminal activity described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii). This certification may also be provided by an official of the Service whose ability to provide such certification is not limited to information concerning immigration violations. This certification shall state that the alien "has been helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful" in the investigation or prosecution of criminal activity described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii).

Regarding the application procedures for U nonimmigrant classification, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c) states, in pertinent part:

(2) *Initial evidence.* Form I-918 must include the following initial evidence:

(i) Form I-918, Supplement B, "U Nonimmigrant Status Certification," signed by a certifying official within the six months immediately preceding the filing of Form I-918. The certification must state that: the person signing the certificate is the head of the certifying agency, or any person(s) in a supervisory role who has been specifically designated by the head of the certifying agency to issue U nonimmigrant status certifications on behalf of that agency, or is a Federal, State, or local judge

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(a)(3) defines the term *certifying official* as:

(i) The head of the certifying agency, or any person(s) in a supervisory role who has been specifically designated by the head of the certifying agency to issue U nonimmigrant status certifications on behalf of that agency; or

(ii) A Federal, State, or local judge.

The burden of proof is on the petitioner to demonstrate eligibility for U nonimmigrant classification. 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(4). All credible evidence relevant to the petition will be considered. Section 214(p)(4) of the Act; 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(4) (setting forth evidentiary standards and burden of proof).

Factual and Procedural History

The petitioner is native and citizen of Mexico, who claims to have entered the United States in May 1998 without being inspected, admitted or paroled by an immigration officer. On November 12, 2010, the petitioner filed a Form I-918 U petition without the *U Nonimmigrant Status Certification* (Form I-918 Supplement B). The director subsequently denied the petition due to the lack of initial evidence.¹ On appeal, the petitioner through counsel states that she mailed the Form I-918 Supplement B to the Vermont Service Center in December 2010 and submits a copy of the certification as well as evidence showing that a package was delivered to the Vermont Service Center in December 2010.

Analysis

The AAO conducts appellate review on a de novo basis. *See Soltane v. DOJ*, 381 F.3d 143, 145 (3d Cir. 2004). Upon review, we find no error in the director's decision to deny the petition based upon the lack of required initial evidence.

The petitioner filed her Form I-918 U petition on November 12, 2010 and was required to submit a Form I-918 Supplement B as initial evidence. 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i). Although the petitioner submitted a Form I-918 Supplement B on December 14, 2010, this Form I-918 Supplement B was not signed by a certifying official as defined at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(a)(3). The Form I-918 Supplement B is signed by [REDACTED] Records Technician, Round Rock, Texas Police Department. [REDACTED] is listed at Part 2 of the Form I-918 Supplement B as the head of the certifying agency, and there is no evidence that [REDACTED] specifically designated the Round Rock, Texas Police Department's Records Technician to issue law enforcement certifications on behalf of the agency. Consequently, the Form I-918 Supplement B filed by the petitioner does not meet the requirements for a law enforcement certification described at section 214(p)(1) of the Act and at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i).

Conclusion

The petitioner has not complied with the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i) regarding the submission of required initial evidence. For this reason, her appeal must be dismissed and her petition must remain denied. However, the denial of the petitioner's instant Form I-918 U petition is without prejudice to the filing of a new Form I-918 U petition with a new Form I-918 Supplement B

¹The director also stated that he noted other deficiencies the record but failed to address them because he was denying the petition for failure to submit required evidence.



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that meets the requirements of section 214(p)(1) of the Act and the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i). In these proceedings, the burden of proving eligibility for the benefit sought remains entirely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361; 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(4). Here, that burden has not been met.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed. The petition remains denied.