



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

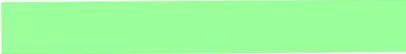
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Date: **MAY 09 2013**

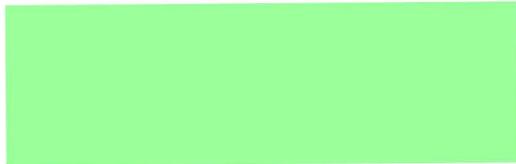
Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER

FILE: 

IN RE: PETITIONER: 

APPLICATION: Petition for U Nonimmigrant Classification as a Victim of a Qualifying Crime Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(U) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

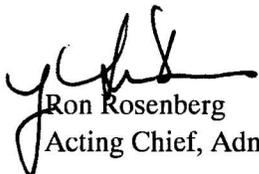


INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All of the documents related to this matter have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Please be advised that any further inquiry that you might have concerning your case must be made to that office.

If you believe the AAO inappropriately applied the law in reaching its decision, or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen in accordance with the instructions on Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$630, or a request for a fee waiver. The specific requirements for filing such a motion can be found at 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file any motion directly with the AAO.** Please be aware that 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i) requires any motion to be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen.

Thank you,



Ron Rosenberg
Acting Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The Director, Vermont Service Center (the director), denied the U nonimmigrant visa petition and the matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner seeks nonimmigrant classification under section 101(a)(15)(U) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U), as an alien victim of certain qualifying criminal activity.

The director denied the petition because the petitioner did not submit a properly executed U Nonimmigrant Status Certification (Form I-918 Supplement B), or establish the eligibility criteria at subsections 101(a)(15)(U)(i)(I) – (IV) of the Act. On appeal, the petitioner submits a statement and additional evidence.

Applicable Law

Section 101(a)(15)(U) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U), provides U nonimmigrant classification to alien victims of certain qualifying criminal activity and their qualifying family members. Section 214(p)(1) of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1184(p)(1) states:

The petition filed by an alien under section 101(a)(15)(U)(i) shall contain a certification from a Federal, State, or local law enforcement official, prosecutor, judge, or other Federal, State, or local authority investigating criminal activity described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii). This certification may also be provided by an official of the Service whose ability to provide such certification is not limited to information concerning immigration violations. This certification shall state that the alien "has been helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful" in the investigation or prosecution of criminal activity described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii).

Regarding the application procedures for U nonimmigrant classification, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c) states, in pertinent part:

(2) *Initial evidence.* Form I-918 must include the following initial evidence:

(i) Form I-918, Supplement B, "U Nonimmigrant Status Certification," signed by a certifying official within the six months immediately preceding the filing of Form I-918. The certification must state that: the person signing the certificate is the head of the certifying agency, or any person(s) in a supervisory role who has been specifically designated by the head of the certifying agency to issue U nonimmigrant status certifications on behalf of that agency, or is a Federal, State, or local judge; the agency is a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, or prosecutor, judge or other authority, that has responsibility for the detection, investigation, prosecution, conviction, or sentencing of qualifying criminal activity; the applicant has been a victim of qualifying criminal activity that the certifying official's agency is investigating or prosecuting; the petitioner possesses information concerning the qualifying criminal activity of which he or she has been a victim; the petitioner has been, is being, or is likely to be helpful to an investigation or prosecution of

that qualifying criminal activity; and the qualifying criminal activity violated U.S. law, or occurred in the United States, its territories, its possessions, Indian country, or at military installations abroad.

In addition, the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(4), prescribes the evidentiary standards and burden of proof in these proceedings:

The burden shall be on the petitioner to demonstrate eligibility for U-1 nonimmigrant status. The petitioner may submit any credible evidence relating to his or her Form I-918 for consideration by USCIS. USCIS shall conduct a de novo review of all evidence submitted in connection with Form I-918 and may investigate any aspect of the petition. Evidence previously submitted for this or other immigration benefit or relief may be used by USCIS in evaluating the eligibility of a petitioner for U-1 nonimmigrant status. However, USCIS will not be bound by its previous factual determinations. USCIS will determine, in its sole discretion, the evidentiary value of previously or concurrently submitted evidence, including Form I-918, Supplement B, "U Nonimmigrant Status Certification."

Facts and Procedural History

The record in this case provides the following pertinent facts and procedural history. The petitioner is a native and citizen of Mexico who claims to have last entered the United States in April 2003 without inspection. The petitioner filed the instant Form I-918 U petition on April 17, 2012. On August 30, 2012, the director denied the petition because the petitioner failed to submit a properly certified Form I-918 Supplement B. The petitioner timely appealed.

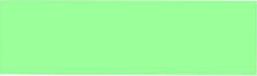
On appeal, the petitioner claims that she was the victim of repeated physical abuse by her husband, and she submits a statement and psychological evaluation in support of her claim.

Law Enforcement Certification

The petitioner has failed to submit a Form I-918 Supplement B from a certifying agency and signed by a certifying official. An affidavit from the petitioner may not be accepted in lieu of the law enforcement certification required by the statute at section 214(p)(1) of the Act. We recognize the difficulties that a petitioner may face in obtaining a law enforcement certification; however, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) lacks the authority to waive the statutory requirement for the certification at section 214(p)(1) of the Act. As the petitioner has failed to submit the certification required by section 214(p)(1) of the Act, she has not overcome this portion of the director's denial decision and cannot demonstrate her helpfulness to law enforcement authorities under subsection 101(a)(15)(U)(i)(III) of the Act. The petitioner is consequently ineligible for nonimmigrant classification pursuant to section 101(a)(15)(U)(i) of the Act and her petition must be denied.

Conclusion

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The petitioner has not complied with the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i) regarding the submission of required initial evidence. For this reason, her appeal must be dismissed and her petition must remain denied. However, the denial of the petitioner's instant Form I-918 U petition is without prejudice to the filing of a new Form I-918 U petition with a Form I-918 Supplement B that meets the requirements of the regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(2)(i).

As in all visa petition proceedings, the petitioner bears the burden of proving her eligibility for U nonimmigrant status. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361; 8 C.F.R. § 214.14(c)(4). Here, that burden has not been met. Accordingly, the appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.