



U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
Services

D6

[Redacted]

FILE: [Redacted] Office: VERMONT SERVICE CENTER Date: DEC 08 2009

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]  
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

PETITION: Petition for Alien Fiancé(e) Pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(K) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(K)

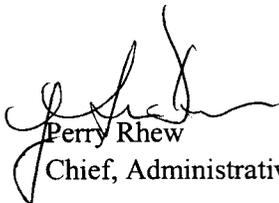
ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

SELF-REPRESENTED

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. Please refer to 8 C.F.R. § 103.5 for the specific requirements. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required by 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

  
Perry Rhew  
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Vermont Service Center, and is now on appeal before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO). The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a naturalized U.S. citizen who seeks to classify the beneficiary, a native and citizen of Mexico, as the fiancé(e) of a U.S. citizen pursuant to § 101(a)(15)(K)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. §. 1101(a)(15)(K)(i).

The director denied the petition because the petitioner failed to submit any initial evidence or supporting documentation. On appeal, the petitioner submits: proof of his U.S. citizenship; proof of a trip made to Mexico after the filing of the instant petition; copies of pages from his U.S. passport; and photographs of himself with the beneficiary. The petition may not be approved, however, because the record does not contain the following: passport-style color photographs for himself and the beneficiary; G-325A, Biographic Information forms for himself and the beneficiary; original statements from himself and the beneficiary establishing their mutual intent to marry within 90 days of the beneficiary's admission into the United States; the beneficiary's birth certificate; and evidence that he and the beneficiary had personally met within the two years immediately preceding the filing of the petition.

The instructions to the I-129F petition at pages 2 and 3, items #5 and #6, state that the above described documentation must be submitted for both the petitioner and the beneficiary. When filing the petition, the petitioner did not submit any supporting documentation, and thus the director denied the petition.

On appeal, the petitioner does not submit all of the required supporting documentation, as described on pages 2 and 3 of the instructions to the I-129F petition. It is also noted that the Orbitz travel information relates to the petitioner's trip to Mexico made after the filing of the instant petition. Moreover, the copy of Page 18 of the petitioner's U.S. passport is not legible and thus it is not clear that the petitioner and the beneficiary had personally met within the two years immediately preceding the filing of the petition. In addition, the petitioner indicates on the petition that he and the beneficiary met in 2007. Some of the photographs of the petitioner with the beneficiary, however, are date-stamped 2006. The record contains no explanation for this inconsistency. Doubt cast on any aspect of the petitioner's proof may, of course, lead to a reevaluation of the reliability and sufficiency of the remaining evidence offered in support of the visa petition. It is incumbent upon the petitioner to resolve any inconsistencies in the record by independent objective evidence, and attempts to explain or reconcile such inconsistencies, absent competent objective evidence pointing to where the truth, in fact, lies, will not suffice. *Matter of Ho*, 19 I&N Dec. 582, 591-92 (BIA 1988). In view of the foregoing, the appeal is dismissed. The petition must be denied.

The denial of the petition is without prejudice. Should the petitioner wish to file a new I-129F Petition, he should ensure that he submits all of the required supporting documentation and clarify the inconsistency discussed above. If necessary, the petitioner should consult the instructions to the Form I-129F to understand the specific documents that he should file along with the petition. The petitioner may download the I-129F petition with the instructions from the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) website at [www.uscis.gov](http://www.uscis.gov), or he may call the USCIS National Customer Service Center (NCSC) at 1-800-375-5283 to have the form and the instructions mailed to his home.

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The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1361. The petitioner has not met that burden.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed. The petition is denied.