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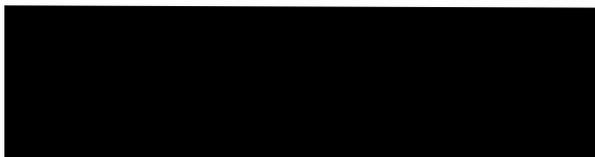
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Rm. A3042
Washington, DC 20529-2090



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

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Ez



FILE: [REDACTED] Office: NEW YORK Date: NOV 26 2008

IN RE: Applicant: [REDACTED]

APPLICATION: Application for Certificate of Citizenship under Section 320 of the Immigration and Nationality Act; 8 U.S.C. § 1431.

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "John F. Grissom".

John F. Grissom, Acting Chief
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the District Director, New York, New York, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal.¹ The appeal will be sustained.

The record reflects that the applicant was born on January 25, 1999 in Yemen. The applicant's parents, as reflected in her birth certificate, are [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. The applicant's parents were married in Yemen in 1995. The applicant's father acquired U.S. citizenship at birth through a U.S. citizen parent. The applicant was admitted to the United States as a lawful permanent resident on March 9, 2006, when she was seven years old. The applicant presently seeks a certificate of citizenship claiming that she derived U.S. citizenship from her father.

The district director denied the application for lack of prosecution, finding that the applicant had failed to submit requested documents relating to her father's acquisition of U.S. citizenship. On appeal, the applicant, through counsel, contends that the requested documents are irrelevant to the consideration of his citizenship claim or, alternatively, that she should have been afforded more time to respond to the request for evidence.

The Child Citizenship Act of 2000 (CCA), which took effect on February 27, 2001, amended sections 320 and 322 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. §§ 1431 and 1433. The CCA benefits all persons who had not yet reached their 18th birthdays as of February 27, 2001. Because the applicant was under 18 years old on February 27, 2001, she meets the age requirement for benefits under the CCA.

Section 320 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1431, states in pertinent part that:

- (a) A child born outside of the United States automatically becomes a citizen of the United States when all of the following conditions have been fulfilled:
 - (1) At least one parent of the child is a citizen of the United States, whether by birth or naturalization.
 - (2) The child is under the age of eighteen years.
 - (3) The child is residing in the United States in the legal and physical custody of the citizen parent pursuant to a lawful admission for permanent residence.

The record reflects that the applicant was admitted to the United States as a lawful permanent resident in 2006, when she was seven years old. Her father is a U.S. citizen, as evidenced by his U.S. passport.² She is residing in the United States in the legal and physical custody of her U.S. citizen parent (and lawful permanent resident mother). As such, the applicant automatically acquired U.S. citizenship pursuant to

¹ The AAO notes that the record suggests that applicant's counsel attempted to include the applicant's two siblings' appeals in these proceedings. The applicant's siblings' appeals, however, are not currently before the AAO. There is no evidence that a timely appeal, with the appropriate fee, was received in either of the applicant's siblings' cases. The AAO nonetheless notes that its findings in this matter apply equally to the applicant's siblings' cases and may form the basis of a request to the district director to reopen or reconsider her decision in those cases.

² In accordance with *Matter of Villanueva*, 19 I&N Dec. 101 (BIA 1984), a valid U.S. passport constitutes conclusive proof of a person's U.S. citizenship and may not be collaterally attacked.

section 320 of the Act, as amended by the CCA, when she was admitted to the United States as a permanent resident on March 9, 2006.

8 C.F.R. § 341.2(c) provides that the burden of proof shall be on the claimant to establish the claimed citizenship by a preponderance of the evidence. The applicant in the present case has met her burden and the appeal will be sustained.

ORDER: The appeal is sustained.