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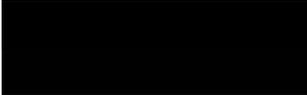
U.S. Citizenship  
and Immigration  
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FILE:  Office: KANSAS CITY, MO (STL) Date: FEB 01 2010

IN RE: Obligor:   
Bonded Alien: 

IMMIGRATION BOND: Bond Conditioned for the Delivery of an Alien under Section 103 of the  
Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1103

IN BEHALF OF OBLIGOR: Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or you have additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen. Please refer to 8 C.F.R. § 103.5 for the specific requirements. All motions must be submitted to the office that originally decided your case by filing a Form I-290B, Notice of Appeal or Motion, with a fee of \$585. Any motion must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider or reopen, as required by 8 C.F.R. §103.5(a)(1)(i).

Perry Rhew  
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

**DISCUSSION:** The delivery bond in this matter was declared breached by the Field Office Director, Detention and Removal, Kansas City, Missouri, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The record indicates that on April 4, 2003, the obligor posted a \$10,000 bond conditioned for the delivery of the above referenced alien. A Notice to Deliver Alien (Form I-340) dated September 22, 2009, was sent to the obligor via certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice demanded the bonded alien's surrender into the custody of an officer of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) at 10:00 a.m. on October 8, 2009, at 1222 Spruce Street, Room 1.100, St. Louis, MO 63103. The obligor failed to present the alien, and the alien failed to appear as required. On October 13, 2009, the field office director informed the obligor that the delivery bond had been breached.

On appeal, the obligor asserts that the alien filed a motion to reconsider before the Board of Immigration Appeals, which is still pending. The obligor asserts that the ICE should not have issued its Form I-340, which neither he nor the alien ever received.

The obligor's assertion is without merit as a delivery bond is a contract between ICE and the obligor, where in consideration for obtaining the alien's release from custody, the obligor agrees to produce the alien on upon each and every request until the obligation to do so terminates under grounds specified in the contract.

The bonded alien is not entitled to receive the Form I-340 as an immigration bond is a contract between ICE and the obligor. See *Matter of Insurance Company of North America*, 17 I&N Dec. 251 (Act. Reg. Comm. 1978). ICE correctly notified the obligor on Form I-340 to surrender the alien as demanded.

The record reflects that a removal hearing was held on August 12, 2008, and the alien was ordered removed. On September 2, 2008, the alien appealed the immigration judge's decision to the Board of Immigration Appeals, which is still pending.

The motion referred to by counsel relates to a visa petition<sup>1</sup>, which has no relevance as bond proceedings are separate and distinct from any other proceeding.

Delivery bonds are violated if the obligor fails to cause the bonded alien to be produced or to produce himself/herself to an immigration officer or immigration judge, as specified in the appearance notice, upon each and every written request until removal proceedings are finally terminated, or until the alien is actually accepted by ICE for detention or removal. *Matter of Smith*, 16 I&N Dec. 146 (Reg. Comm. 1977).

The regulations provide that an obligor shall be released from liability where there has been "substantial performance" of all conditions imposed by the terms of the bond. 8 C.F.R. §

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<sup>1</sup> The motion to reconsider was dismissed by the Board of Immigration Appeals on December 1, 2009.

103.6(c)(3). A bond is breached when there has been a substantial violation of the stipulated conditions of the bond. 8 C.F.R. § 103.6(e).

8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(a)(2) provides that personal service may be effected by any of the following:

- (i) Delivery of a copy personally;
- (ii) Delivery of a copy at a person's dwelling house or usual place of abode by leaving it with some person of suitable age and discretion;
- (iii) Delivery of a copy at the office of an attorney or other person including a corporation, by leaving it with a person in charge;
- (iv) Mailing a copy by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, addressed to a person at his last known address.

The evidence of record indicates that the Notice to Deliver Alien was initially sent to the obligor at [REDACTED] on August 19, 2009, via certified mail. This notice demanded that the obligor produce the bonded alien on September 3, 2009. On September 24, 2009, the notice was returned by the post office as unclaimed. The field office director sent a second notice to the obligor's address listed on the Form I-352, [REDACTED] on September 22, 2009, via certified mail. On October 9, 2009, the notice was returned by the post office as unclaimed. As such, the obligor's failure to receive the Notice to Deliver Alien must be considered to be of his own making. Consequently, the record clearly establishes that the notice was properly served on the obligor by sending it to him at his last known address in compliance with 8 C.F.R. § 103.5a(a)(2)(iv).

It is clear from the language used in the bond agreement that the obligor shall cause the alien to be produced or the alien shall produce himself to an ICE officer upon each and every request of such officer until removal proceedings are either finally terminated or the alien is accepted by ICE for detention or removal.

It must be noted that delivery bonds are exacted to ensure that aliens will be produced when and where required by ICE for hearings or removal. Such bonds are necessary in order for ICE to function in an orderly manner. The courts have long considered the confusion which would result if aliens could be surrendered at any time or place it suited the alien's or the surety's convenience. *Matter of L-*, 3 I&N Dec. 862 (C.O. 1950).

After a careful review of the record, it is concluded that the conditions of the bond have been substantially violated, and the collateral has been forfeited. The decision of the field office director will not be disturbed.

**ORDER:** The appeal is dismissed.