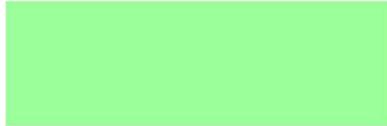


(b)(6)

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service
Administrative Appeals Office (AAO)
20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., MS 2090
Washington, DC 20529-2090

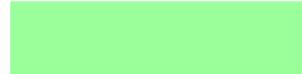


U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

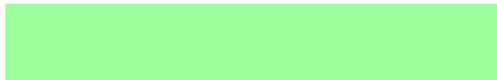


DATE: **AUG 28 2013**

Office: KANSAS CITY, MO

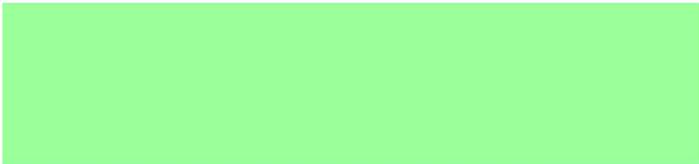


IN RE: Obligor:
Bonded Alien:



IMMIGRATION BOND: Bond Conditioned for the Delivery of an Alien under Section 103 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1103

ON BEHALF OF OBLIGOR:



INSTRUCTIONS:

Enclosed please find the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) in your case.

This is a non-precedent decision. The AAO does not announce new constructions of law nor establish agency policy through non-precedent decisions. If you believe the AAO incorrectly applied current law or policy to your case or if you seek to present new facts for consideration, you may file a motion to reconsider or a motion to reopen, respectively. Any motion must be filed on a Notice of Appeal or Motion (Form I-290B) within 33 days of the date of this decision. **Please review the Form I-290B instructions at <http://www.uscis.gov/forms> for the latest information on fee, filing location, and other requirements.** See also 8 C.F.R. § 103.5. **Do not file a motion directly with the AAO.**

Thank you,

Ron Rosenberg
Chief, Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The delivery bond in this matter was declared breached by the Field Office Director, Detention and Removal, Kansas City, Missouri, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The record indicates that on February 15, 2011, the obligor posted a \$7,500 bond conditioned for the delivery of the above referenced alien. A Notice to Deliver Alien (Form I-340) dated June 3, 2013, was addressed to the obligor via certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice demanded the bonded alien's appearance before Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) at 10:00 a.m. on June 20, 2013, at 9747 N Conant Avenue, Kansas City, MO 64153. The obligor failed to present the alien, and the alien failed to appear as required. On June 24, 2013, the field office director informed the obligor that the delivery bond had been breached.

On appeal, counsel asserts that the obligor never received the Notice to Deliver Alien.

Delivery bonds are violated if the obligor fails to cause the bonded alien to be produced or to produce himself/herself to an immigration officer or immigration judge, as specified in the appearance notice, upon each and every written request until removal proceedings are finally terminated, or until the alien is actually accepted by ICE for detention or removal. *Matter of Smith*, 16 I&N Dec. 146 (Reg. Comm. 1977).

The regulations provide that an obligor shall be released from liability where there has been "substantial performance" of all conditions imposed by the terms of the bond. 8 C.F.R. § 103.6(c)(3). A bond is breached when there has been a substantial violation of the stipulated conditions of the bond. 8 C.F.R. § 103.6(e).

8 C.F.R. § 103.8(a)(2) provides that personal service may be effected by any of the following:

- (i) Delivery of a copy personally;
- (ii) Delivery of a copy at a person's dwelling house or usual place of abode by leaving it with some person of suitable age and discretion;
- (iii) Delivery of a copy at the office of an attorney or other person including a corporation, by leaving it with a person in charge;
- (iv) Mailing a copy by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, addressed to a person at his last known address.
- (v) If so requested by a party, advising the party by electronic mail and posting the decision to the party's USCIS account.

The evidence of record indicates that the Notice to Deliver Alien dated June 3, 2013 was sent to the obligor at [REDACTED] via certified mail. This notice demanded that the obligor produce the bonded alien on June 20, 2013. The notice was returned by the U.S. Postal

Service as unclaimed and the envelope indicates that the obligor was provided at least two opportunities (June 4th and June 9th,) to acquire the notice. The certified mail remained at the U.S. Postal Service until it was returned to the ICE office on June 19, 2013. It is noted that the obligor received the Notice–Immigration Bond Breached that was sent to the same address as the Notice to Deliver Alien. As such, the obligor's failure to receive the Notice to Deliver Alien must be considered to be of his own making. Consequently, the record clearly establishes that the notice was properly served on the obligor by sending it to him at his last known address in compliance with 8 C.F.R. § 103.8(a)(2)(iv).

It is clear from the language used in the bond agreement that the obligor shall cause the alien to be produced or the alien shall produce himself to an ICE officer upon each and every request of such officer until removal proceedings are either finally terminated or the alien is accepted by ICE for detention or removal.

It must be noted that delivery bonds are exacted to ensure that aliens will be produced when and where required by ICE for hearings or removal. Such bonds are necessary in order for ICE to function in an orderly manner. The courts have long considered the confusion which would result if aliens could be surrendered at any time or place it suited the alien's or the surety's convenience. *Matter of L-*, 3 I&N Dec. 862 (C.O. 1950).

After a careful review of the record, it is concluded that the conditions of the bond have been substantially violated, and the collateral has been forfeited. The decision of the field office director will not be disturbed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.